

| STRENGTH OF MATERIALS | | Semester | III |
|---|---------------|-------------|------------|
| Course Code | BCV301 | CIE Marks | 50 |
| Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S) | 3+0+0+0 | SEE Marks | 50 |
| Total Hours of Pedagogy | 40 | Total Marks | 100 |
| Credits | 03 | Exam Hours | 3 Hrs. |
| Examination type (SEE) | Theory | | |
| <p>Course Learning objectives: This course will enable students to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the simple stresses, strains, and compound stresses in various structural components. • Understand the bending moments and shear forces in different types of beams under various loading conditions • Know the bending stress, shear stress, and torsional stress in beams and shafts with different cross sections • Understand the deflection in beams and the stability of columns under different loading conditions. • Understand the behaviour and strength of structural elements subjected to compound stresses and stresses in thin and thick cylinders. | | | |
| <p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies; which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Apart from conventional lecture methods various types of innovative teaching techniques through videos, animation films may be adopted so that the delivered lesson can progress the students in theoretical, applied and practical skills. 2. Arrange field visits to give brief information about the water and wastewater treatment plant. 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class. 4. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher-order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking and enhance the knowledge of treatment processes. 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students, Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. 6. Seminars, surprise tests and Quizzes may be arranged for students in respective subjects to develop skills | | | |
| Module-1 | | | |

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| <p>Simple Stresses and Strains: Introduction, Properties of Materials, Stress, Strain, Hooke's law, Poisson's Ratio, Stress – Strain Diagram for structural steel, Principles of superposition, Total elongation of tapering bars of circular and rectangular cross sections. Composite section, Volumetric strain, expression for volumetric strain, Elastic constants, relationship among elastic constants. Thermal stresses and strains, Compound bars subjected to thermal stresses, state of simple shear. (L1, L2, L3)</p> |
| Module-2 |
| <p>Bending moment and shear force diagrams in beams: Introduction to types of beams, supports and loadings. Definition of shear force and bending moment, sign convention, Relationship between loading, shear force and bending moment, Shear force and bending moment equations, development of Shear Force Diagram(SFD) and Bending Moment Diagram (BMD) with salient values for cantilever, simply supported and overhanging beams for point loads, UDL (Uniformly Distributed Load), UVL (Uniformly Varying Load), Couple and their combinations (L1,L2,L3)</p> |
| Module-3 |
| <p>Bending and Shear Stresses in Beams: Introduction, pure bending theory, Assumptions, derivation of bending equation, modulus of rupture, section modulus, flexural rigidity. Expression for transverse shear stress in beams, Bending and shear stress distribution diagrams for circular, rectangular, 'I', and 'T' sections.</p> <p>Torsion in Circular Shaft: Introduction, pure torsion, Assumptions, derivation of torsion equation for circular shafts, torsional rigidity and polar modulus Power transmitted by a shaft. (L1, L2, L3)</p> |
| Module-4 |
| <p>Deflection of Beams: Definition of slope, Deflection and curvature, Sign conventions, Derivation of moment- curvature equation. Double integration method and Macaulay's method: Slope and deflection for standard loading cases and for determinate prismatic beams subjected to point loads, UDL, UVL and couple.</p> <p>Columns and Struts: Introduction, short and long columns. Euler's theory; Assumptions, Derivation for Euler's Buckling load for different end conditions, Limitations of Euler's theory. Rankine-Gordon's formula for columns. (L1,L2,L3)</p> |
| Module-5 |
| <p>Compound Stresses: Introduction, state of stress at a point, General two dimensional stress system, Principal stresses and principal planes. Mohr's circle of stresses</p> <p>Thin and Thick Cylinders: Introduction, Thin cylinders subjected to internal pressure; Hoop stresses, Longitudinal stress and change in volume. Thick cylinders subjected to both internal and external pressure; Lamé's equation, radial and hoop stress distribution. (L1,L2,L3)</p> |

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Evaluate the simple stresses, strains and compound stresses
2. Calculate the Bending moments, shear force and draw BMD, SFD for various types of beams and loadings
3. Analyse the bending stress, shear stress and torsional stress in beams and shafts with different cross sections
4. Evaluate the deflection in beams and determine the stability of the columns.
5. Evaluate the behaviour and strength of structural elements under the action of compound stresses and stresses in thin and thick cylinders.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- There are 25 marks for the CIE's Assignment component and 25 for the Internal Assessment Test component.
- Each test shall be conducted for 25 marks. The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the coverage of the syllabus, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the coverage of the syllabus. The average of the two tests shall be scaled down to 25 marks
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The schedule for assignments shall be planned properly by the course teacher. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned. Each assignment shall be conducted for 25 marks. (If two assignments are conducted then the sum of the two assignments shall be scaled down to 25 marks)
- The final CIE marks of the course out of 50 will be the sum of the scale-down marks of tests and assignment/s marks.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:**Text Books**

- B.C Punmia Ashok Jain, Arun Jain, “Strength of Materials”, Laxmi - 2018-22 Publications, 10th Edition-2018
- R K Bansal, “A Textbook of Strength of Materials”, 4th Edition, Laxmi Publications, 2010
- S.S. Rattan “Strength of Materials” McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2nd Edition (Sixth reprint 2013).
- Vazirani, V N, Ratwani M M. and S K Duggal "Analysis of Structures Vol. I", 17th Edition, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi.
- R.K. Rajput, “Strength of materials” S. Chand Publishing (6th Edition)
- S S Bhavikatti, “Strength of Materials” Vikas Publishing (5th Edition)
- B.S. Basavarajaiah, P. Mahadevappa “Strength of Materials” in SI Units, University Press (India) Pvt. Ltd., 3rd Edition,2010

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1.Strength of Materials web course by IIT Roorkee <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112107146/>
- 2.Strength of Materials video course by IIT Kharagpur <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105105108/>
- 3.Strength of Materials video course by IIT Roorkee <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112107147/18>
- 4.All contents organized <http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/strengthof-materials-prof.html>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Quiz (To assist in GATE Preparations)
- Demonstrations in Lab
- Virtual Lab Experiments

CO & PSO - PO Mapping (Individual Teacher has to fill)

| Mapping of Course Outcomes and Program specific outcomes to Program Outcomes | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| Course outcomes | Program outcomes | | | | | | | | | | | | Program Specific Outcomes | | | | |
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 | PSO 4 | |
| CO1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Average | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Level 0: Not Mapped, 1: Low Mapped, 2: Moderately Mapped 3: Highly Mapped

Note: Depending on the Assessment tool used, higher order POs Can be identified by the concerned course instructor.

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|-----|
| Engineering Survey | | Semester | 3 |
| Course Code | BCV302 | CIE Marks | 50 |
| Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S) | 3:0:2:0 | SEE Marks | 50 |
| Total Hours of Pedagogy | 40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab slots | Total Marks | 100 |
| Credits | 04 | Exam Hours | 3 |
| Examination nature (SEE) | Theory | | |

Course Learning objectives: This course will enable students to

- Ability to understand principles of both traditional and modern surveying applying knowledge of mathematics.
- Ability to handle surveying equipment's and software tools to carry out field surveying, plot topographical Drawings and construction drawing
- Ability to use Total station for data capture, data storage, data transfer.
- Ability to prepare construction drawing and setting out

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies; which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Apart from conventional lecture methods various types of innovative teaching techniques through videos, animation films may be adopted so that the delivered lesson can progress the students in theoretical, applied and practical skills.
2. Arrange field visits to give brief information about the water and wastewater treatment plant.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher-order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking and enhance the knowledge of treatment processes.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students, Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Seminars, surprise tests and Quizzes may be arranged for students in respective subjects to develop skills.

MODULE-1

Engineering surveying – Definition & importance of surveying for Civil Engineers. Surveying types- Control survey, Topographical surveying, Construction Survey, Cadastral survey, Hydrographic survey and Underground Survey. Surveying through the ages- Chain surveying, Compass surveying and Plane Table Surveying (concepts and limitations only).

Measurement of Distance- Various types of tapes, Laser distance meter, Distance measuring wheel, Electronic Distance measurement, GPS.

L1,L2,L3

| MODULE-2 | |
|--|-----------------------|
| <p>Vertical Control- Concepts of various types of Datum – Mean Sea level, Bench marks – Temporary and Permanent.</p> <p>Levelling- Terms used in levelling, Setting up of Dumpy level. Differential levelling by plane of collimation method using Dumpy level.</p> <p>Theodolite Surveying – Terms used in Theodolite surveying. Setting up a Theodolite. Measurement of horizontal and vertical angles with Theodolite.</p> <p>Total Station Surveying – Features, parts, accessories and advantages of Total Station. Surveying with total station – Measurement of Horizontal angle, vertical angle, distance, slope, vertical distance, multiple angles with Total station. Using Total station for Area measurement and Volume calculation.</p> | L1,L2,L3 |
| MODULE-3 | |
| <p>Contours - Definition, terms used, characteristics of contours and applications of contours in civil engineering practice. Contouring using level, theodolite and total station. Plotting of contours in CAD.</p> <p>Longitudinal and cross sectioning – Definition, importance of L/S & C/S. L/S & C/S using level, theodolite and Total station. Plotting of L/S & C/S in CAD.</p> <p>Coordinate survey with Total station - Measurement of coordinates using total station. Creating Job files, importance of back sight data, coordinate data recording. Data transferring, data refinement and plotting in CAD.</p> | L1,L2,L3 |
| MODULE-4 | |
| <p>Curves –Types of Curves- Application of curves in civil engineering. Setting out of Horizontal curve by Theodolite (Rankine’s method) and using Total Station. Components of Compound, Reverse curve. Transition Curve and Combined curve. Various types of vertical curves and its applications.</p> <p>Areas and Volumes- Methods of determining areas by trapezoidal and Simpsons’ rule. Measurement of volume by prismoidal and trapezoidal formula. Earthwork volume calculations from spot levels and from contour maps; Earthwork calculation in Embankments.</p> <p>Construction Surveying - Setting out works using Total Station, Setting out buildings by Centre line method.</p> | L1, L2, L3, L4 |
| MODULE-5 | |
| <p>GPS Surveying – Introduction. Overview of GPS system- space, control and user segments. Reference co- ordinate systems. Absolute and Differential positioning with GPS. Gagan system in India. Types of GPS Receivers. Engineering survey using Differential GPS.</p> <p>Surveying with Drone – Introduction, applications and advantages. Features of photogrammetric mapping method. Drone surveying requirements- Drone platform, Flight planning software, Sensor DGPS equipment and Image processing software. Types of drones and sensors. Process of drone surveying – flight planning, DGPS markers, capturing images, post processing of images using photogrammetry software and output maps.</p> <p>Application and uses of Remote sensing and GIS in engineering surveying.</p> | L1, L2, L3, L4 |

| PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC | |
|---|--|
| Sl.NO | Experiments |
| 1 | Use of Various types of tapes, Laser distance meter, Distance measuring wheel. |
| 2 | Differential levelling by Dumpy level by plane of collimation method |
| 3 | Measurement of horizontal and vertical angles by Theodolite. Method of repetition |
| 4 | Setting out simple curve using Rankine's method using Theodolite |
| 5 | Setting out central line of a small residential building. |
| 6 | Setting up of Total station. Features and components of Total station |
| 7 | Measurement of Distance, slope, vertical distance, horizontal and vertical angles using Total station |
| 8 | Coordinate measurement with Total station |
| 9 | Longitudinal sectioning and cross sectioning using Total station |
| 10 | Contouring and plotting with Total station |
| 11 | Demonstration of Equipment's used for chain, compass and plane table surveying |
| 12 | Visit to railway station/ large construction site to understand the importance of datum and benchmark. |
| <p>Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):</p> <p>At the end of the course, the student will be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Summarize various types of surveying and carry out distance measurement using various equipment's Illustrate the use and applications of levelling and theodolite Plot contours, longitudinal and cross sections for construction projects. Set curves for construction works and carry out estimation of areas and volumes. Demonstrate the necessary skills to carry out GPS and DRONE Surveying | |
| <p>Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)</p> <p>The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.</p> <p>CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course. CIE marks for the theory component are 25 marks and that for the practical component is 25marks. 25 marks for the theory component are split into 15 marks for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and 10 marks for other assessment methods mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus. | |

- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks**).
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

CIE for the practical component of the IPCC

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test (**duration 02/03 hours**) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to **10 marks**.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

SEE for IPCC

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored by the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

1. Punmia BC, & Jain Ashok Kumar. (2016). *Surveying* (17th ed., Vol. 1). Laxmi Publications.
2. Dr. K.R. Arora. (2019). *Surveying* (17th ed., Vol. 1). Standard Book House.
3. Charles D. Ghilani. (2012) (13th ed.). Prentice Hall

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. <https://enterprise.dji.com/surveying/land-surveying>
2. <https://www.gps.gov/applications/survey/>
3. <https://www.constructionplacements.com/total-station-in-surveying-types-uses-and-applications/>
4. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bbs5AEPstl4>
5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KHI4TEeexuM&list=PLLy_2iUCG87DwNVc3Mz1yYIRA42jSQ1tB&index=28
6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lu9vrE48_I4&list=PLLy_2iUCG87DwNVc3Mz1yYIRA42jSQ1tB&index=30
7. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RXUi2cX4CkU>
8. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SVa66vO08So>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

1. Hand on use of various surveying instruments
2. Surveying Civil engineering block and plotting with instruments of student's choice
3. Setting out a single bedroom house plan in field

CO & PSO - PO Mapping (Individual Teacher has to fill)

| Mapping of Course Outcomes and Program specific outcomes to Program Outcomes | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Course outcomes | Program outcomes | | | | | | | | | | | | Program Specific Outcomes | | | |
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | P O3 | P O4 | P O5 | P O6 | P O7 | P O8 | P O9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 | PSO 4 |
| CO1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Average | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Level 0: Not Mapped, 1: Low Mapped, 2: Moderately Mapped 3: Highly Mapped

Note: Depending on the Assessment tool used, higher order POs Can be identified by the concerned course instructor.

| ENGINEERING GEOLOGY | | Semester | 3 |
|--|----------------------------------|--------------|-----|
| Course Code | BCV303 | CIE Marks | 50 |
| Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S) | 3:0:2:0 | SEE Marks | 50 |
| Total Hours of Pedagogy | 40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab slots | Total Marks | 100 |
| Credits | 04 | Exam Hours | |
| Examination nature (SEE) | Theory | | |
| <p>Course objectives:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To inculcate the importance of earth's interior and application of Geology in civil engineering in Geo Hazard mitigation and management 2. To create awareness among Civil engineers regarding the resources of earth 3. To provide knowledge on dynamic Geology and its importance in modifying the physical character of rocks which cause rocks suitable or unsuitable in different civil engineering projects such as Dams, bridges, tunnels and highways. 4. To educate the ground water management regarding diversified geological formations, . To highlight the concept of rain water harvesting. 5. To understand the application of Remote Sensing and GIS, Natural disaster and management and environmental awareness. To understand the subsurface using geospatial data 6. To provide decision support on the nature of the basic raw materials used in construction. To provide decision support on Lithological characters and subsurface conditions 7. To describe various geological maps and interpretation of geological data for mining and subsurface investigations. | | | |
| <p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies; that teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chalk and Talk method. • Show Video/animation films to explain earth dynamics and influence of geology in prime civil constructions • Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class • Ask at least three HOTS (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. • Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking process such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it. • Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation. • Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. • Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding. | | | |
| MODULE-1 | | 7 hrs | |
| <p>Introduction, the scope of earth science in Engineering. Earth's internal structure and composition, internal dynamics and Plate tectonics, Earthquakes - types, causes, so-seismic lines, seismic zonation, seismic proof structures. Volcanic eruption - types, causes. Landslides-causes types, preventive measures; Tsunami – causes, consequences, mitigation. Cyclones - causes and management.</p> | | | |
| MODULE-2 | | 5 hrs | |
| <p>Earth Materials in Construction Minerals -Industrial, rock-forming and ore minerals. Physical properties, composition. Rocks Types, structure/Texture, mineral composition occurrence, properties. Decorative (facing/polishing), railway ballast, rocks for masonry work, monumental/architecture, Dressing of stones, Requirement of good building stones.</p> | | | |
| MODULE-3 | | 7hrs | |

| | |
|--|--|
| Earth Surface process and Resources Weathering, type, causes, soil insitu, drifted soil, soil profile, soil mineralogy, structure, types of soil, Black cotton soil v/s Lateritic soil; effects of weathering on monumental rocks. Soil Horizon, Soil Classification by Grain Size. | |
| MODULE-4 7 hrs | |
| Surface and sub investigation for deep foundation Dip and strike, and outcrop problems(numerical problem geometrical/ simple trigonometry based), Borehole data(and problems), Faults, folds, unconformity, joints, types, recognition and their significance in Civil engineering projects like tunnel project, dam project, Reservoir site,. | |
| MODULE-5 5 hrs | |
| Modern Tools and geophysical methods Rocks as aquifers, water-bearing properties igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic rocks , coefficient of permeability, factors affecting permeability, Electrical Resistivity meter, depth of water table, (numerical problems), seismic studies. | |
| PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC <i>(May cover all / major modules)</i> | |
| Sl.NO | Experiments 8 hrs |
| 1 | Identification of common minerals based on Physical Properties |
| 2 | Identification of rocks used in building construction based on Physical properties |
| 3 | Solving Geological maps for suitability for aqua duct |
| 4 | Geological maps with inclined beds, suitability for tunnels/ Dams |
| 5 | Geological maps with folds, in tunnels/ Dams |
| 6 | Geological maps with unconformity , in tunnel/dam project |
| 7 | Geological maps with faults in Dams/tunnels project |
| 8 | One Day Nearest Field Visit Investigation. |
| Course outcomes (Course Skill Set): At the end of the course the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply geological knowledge in different civil engineering practice. • Acquire knowledge on durability and competence of foundation rocks, and will be able to use the best building materials. • Students will become competent enough for the safety, stability, economy and life of the structures that they construct • Able to solve various issues related to ground water exploration, build up dams, bridges, tunnels which are often confronted with ground water problems • Students will become Intelligent enough to apply GIS, GPS and remote sensing as a latest tool in different civil engineering for safe and solid construction. | |
| Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for | |

the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.
- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks**).
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

CIE for the practical component of the IPCC

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test (**duration 02/03 hours**) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to **10 marks**.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

SEE for IPCC

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored by the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.

Note: Subject to be taught by Geologist with qualification M. Sc Geology/MPhil/ Ph. D in Geology

Suggested Learning Resources:**Books**

1. Engineering Geology, by Parthasarathy et al, Wiley publications
2. A textbook of Engineering Geology by ChennaKesavulu, Mac Millan India Ltd
3. Principle of Engineering Geology, by K.M. Bangar, Standard publishers
4. Physical and Engineering Geology, by S.K. Garg, Khanna publishers
5. Principles of Engineering Geology, by KVGK Gokhale, BS Publications

Reference Books

1. Introduction to Environmental Geology by Edward A Keller, Pearson publications.
2. Engineering Geology and Rock Mechanics B. P. Verma, Khanna publishers
3. Principles of Engineering Geology and Geotechnics, Krynine and Judd, CBS Publications

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aTVDiRtRook&list=PLDF5162B475DD915F>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EBiLLjAxBuU&index=2&list=PLDF5162B475DD915F>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sTY-ao4RZck&list=PLDF5162B475DD915F&index=3>
- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses>
- <https://youtu.be/fvoYHzAhvVM>
- <https://youtu.be/aTVDiRtRook>
- https://serc.carleton.edu/NAGTWorkshops/hazards/events/12262004.html?serc_source=recommendation
- <https://serc.carleton.edu/NAGTWorkshops/visualization/examples/CBezanson.html?sercsource=recommendation>
- <https://serc.carleton.edu/NAGTWorkshops/coursedesign/goalsdb/14712.html>
- <https://www.earthsciweek.org/classroom-activities>
- NPTEL materials

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Field Visits
- Quiz/Assignments/Open book test to develop skills
- Encourage collaborative learning in the class
- Demonstration of Geological models and animations
- Hands on experiments with Rock and Minerals

| WATER SUPPLY AND WASTEWATER ENGINEERING | | Semester | III |
|---|---------------|-------------|------------|
| Course Code | BCV304 | CIE Marks | 50 |
| Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S) | 3+0+0+0 | SEE Marks | 50 |
| Total Hours of Pedagogy | 40 | Total Marks | 100 |
| Credits | 03 | Exam Hours | |
| Examination type (SEE) | Theory | | |
| <p>Course Learning objectives: This Course will enable the students to</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Analyze the variation of water demand and to estimate water requirement for a community. 2. Study drinking water quality standards and to illustrate qualitative analysis of water. 3. Analysis of physical and chemical characteristics of water and wastewater. 4. Understand and design of different unit operations and unit process involved in water and wastewater treatment process 5. Design various oxidation processes. | | | |
| <p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies; which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Apart from conventional lecture methods various types of innovative teaching techniques through videos, animation films may be adopted so that the delivered lesson can progress the students in theoretical, applied and practical skills. 2. Arrange field visits to give brief information about the water and wastewater treatment plant. 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class. 4. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher-order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking and enhance the knowledge of treatment processes. 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students, Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. 6. Seminars, surprise tests and Quizzes may be arranged for students in respective subjects to develop skills | | | |
| Module-1 | | | |
| <p>Introduction: Water: Need for protected water supply, Demand of Water: Types of water demands - domestic demand, industrial, institutional and commercial demand, public use and fire demand estimation, factors affecting per capita demand, Variations in demand of water, Peak factor.</p> <p>Design period and factors governing design period. Methods of population forecasting and numerical problems. Physico chemical characteristics of water Sampling. L1, L2, L3</p> | | | |
| Module-2 | | | |
| <p>Water Treatment: Objectives, Unit flow diagrams – Significance of each unit, Aeration process Limitations and types.</p> <p>Sedimentation - Theory, settling tanks, types and design with numerical, Coagulation and flocculation, types of coagulants.</p> <p>Filtration: Mechanism, theory of filtration, types of filters: slow sand, rapid sand and pressure filters. Operation and cleaning. Design of slow and rapid sand filter without under drainage system, Numerical. L1, L2,</p> | | | |
| Module-3 | | | |

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|--|
| <p>Disinfection: Methods of disinfection with merits and demerits. Breakpoint chlorination, Softening: Lime soda and Zeolite process.</p> <p>Wastewater: Introduction: Need for sanitation, methods of sewage disposal, types of sewerage systems, Treatment of municipal waste water: Waste water characteristics sampling, significance and techniques, physical, chemical and biological characteristics, Numerical on BOD.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">L1 , L2</p> |
| Module-4 |
| <p>Treatment Process: flow diagram for municipal waste water Treatment unit operations and process Screens: types, disposal. Grit chamber, oil and grease removal. Primary and secondary settling tanks, Suspended growth system - conventional activated sludge process and its modifications, numerical.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">L1,L2 ,L3</p> |
| Module-5 |
| <p>Attached growth system – Trickling filter, numerical on Trickling filters, bio-towers and rotating biological contactors. Principle of stabilization ponds, oxidation ditch. Sludge digesters (aerobic and anaerobic), Equalization. Thickeners and drying beds.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">L1, L2, L3</p> |
| <p>Course outcome (Course Skill Set) At the end of the course, the student will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Estimate the average and peak water demand for a community. 2. Evaluate water quality and environmental significance of various parameters and plan suitable treatment system. 3. Design the different units of water treatment plant. 4. Design the various units of wastewater treatment plant. 5. Design of various AOPs and low cost treatment units. |
| <p>Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.</p> <p>Continuous Internal Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There are 25 marks for the CIE's Assignment component and 25 for the Internal Assessment Test component. • Each test shall be conducted for 25 marks. The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the coverage of the syllabus, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the coverage of the syllabus. The average of the two tests shall be scaled down to 25 marks • Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The schedule for assignments shall be planned properly by the course teacher. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned. Each assignment |

shall be conducted for 25 marks. (If two assignments are conducted then the sum of the two assignments shall be scaled down to 25 marks)

- The final CIE marks of the course out of 50 will be the sum of the scale-down marks of tests and assignment/s marks.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text books

- Howard S. Peavy, Donald R. Rowe, George T, "Environmental Engineering" - Tata McGraw Hill, New York, Indian Edition, 2013
- S. K. Garg, Environmental Engineering Volume-I, Water supply Engineering – M/s Khanna Publishers, New Delhi 2010
- B.C. Punmia and Ashok Jain, Environmental Engineering I-Water Supply Engineering, Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd., New Delhi 2010.
- B C Punmia, "Environmental Engineering volume-II", Laxmi Publications 2nd, 2016
- Karia G.L., and Christian R.A, "Wastewater Treatment Concepts and Design Approach", Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. 3rd, Edition, 2017
- S.K.Garg, "Environmental Engineering vol-II, Water supply Engineering", Khanna Publishers, – New Delhi, 28th edition and 2017
- CPHEEO Manual on water supply and treatment engineering, Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India, New Delhi.
- Mark.J Hammer, Water & Waste Water Technology, John Wiley & Sons Inc., New York, 2008

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Lecture 01: Background and Course Introduction <https://youtu.be/yDnrv-oGSBc>

Lecture 02: Water Sources and Availability <https://youtu.be/K4Vtv0cmybI>

Lecture 03: Water Uses <https://youtu.be/9H7dPkW0sIA>

Lecture 04: Water Supply Key Issues and Concerns <https://youtu.be/JueYGPbsflw>

Lecture 05: Urban water services and water supply systems <https://youtu.be/bCKm9KkcQtw>

Lecture 06: Urban water services and water supply systems <https://youtu.be/s0hv0ZIM1bA>

Lecture 07: Components of Water Demand <https://youtu.be/mVmErXpIp64>

Lecture 08: Fluctuations in Water Demand <https://youtu.be/qXUwy5OnX9Q>

Lecture 09: "Concept of Design Period and Design Population Need to Forecast Population Population Forecasting

Methods https://youtu.be/QyLdA_ghUog Lecture 10: Demand Forecasting and Design Capacities

<https://youtu.be/rKTWjvx7E8A>

Lecture 11: Water Sources and Collection of Water <https://youtu.be/TvEGgZw1E14>

Lecture 12: Surface Water Intakes <https://youtu.be/GcOOvAdG5OM>

Lecture 13: Surface Water Intakes Systems https://youtu.be/r1oJtm_SXz4

Lecture 14: Groundwater Intake <https://youtu.be/Zo1p7uRDEmM>

Lecture 15: Well Interferences, Well losses and Efficiency https://youtu.be/dRU5M_WICU0 Lecture 16: Raw water

Conveyance and Pumping <https://youtu.be/iQwEoEhujTc>

Lecture 17: Practice Problems <https://youtu.be/e5bduQiz5NY> Lecture 18 : Raw Water Storage

<https://youtu.be/WZII7kWoUjE>

Lecture 19 : Treated Water Storage <https://youtu.be/BuZ48afjd04>

Lecture 20 : Placement, Design and Construction of Storage Reservoirs <https://youtu.be/nOCZbXaBb1o>

Lecture 21 : Practice Problems on Reservoir Capacity Estimation <https://youtu.be/6VuHxD3t9kw>

| |
|---|
| <p>Lecture 24 : Philosophy of Water Treatment https://youtu.be/6I-eBqE7Hew</p> <p>Lecture 25 : Water Treatment Units Screening and Aeration https://youtu.be/QsWp_HIZqPs</p> <p>Lecture 26 : Water Treatment Units Sedimentation https://youtu.be/T1M4Eciwq7Q</p> <p>Lecture 27 : Practice Problems On Sedimentation https://youtu.be/Zlh2mpOjIMU</p> <p>Lecture 28: Coagulation and Flocculation: Theory https://youtu.be/aAo2bBaF0yU</p> <p>Lecture 29: Coagulation and Flocculation: Selection and Application https://youtu.be/44p0IN31ogo</p> <p>Lecture 30: Coagulation and Flocculation: Design Operation and Process Control https://youtu.be/v0TDFcz_iLU</p> <p>Lecture 31: Filtration Theory and Slow Sand Filters https://youtu.be/nuJQe9F_2zI</p> <p>Lecture 32: Rapid Sand Filter: Filter Media and Components https://youtu.be/3qw3sKcuQIY</p> <p>Lecture 33: Rapid Sand Filters and Pressure Filters https://youtu.be/PEX_0DebrSQ</p> <p>Lecture 34: Practice Problems Coagulation Flocculation and Filtration https://youtu.be/73jxsBCDuq4</p> <p>Lecture 35: Disinfection Basic https://youtu.be/d4UG9Xivuik</p> <p>Lecture 36: Chlorination https://youtu.be/L3eSkeOU3jY</p> |
| <p>Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning http://nptel.ac.in ▪ https://swayam.gov.in • https://www.vlab.co.in/participating-institute-amrita-vishwa-vidyapeetham |

CO & PSO - PO Mapping (Individual Teacher has to fill)

| Mapping of Course Outcomes and Program specific outcomes to Program Outcomes | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| Course outcomes | Program outcomes | | | | | | | | | | | | Program Specific Outcomes | | | | |
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 | PSO 4 | |
| CO1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Average | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Level 0: Not Mapped, 1: Low Mapped, 2: Moderately Mapped 3: Highly Mapped

Note: Depending on the Assessment tool used, higher order POs Can be identified by the concerned course instructor.

| COMPUTER AIDED BUILDING PLANNING AND DRAWING | | Semester | 3 |
|--|--|------------|-----|
| Course Code | BCV305 | CIE Marks | 50 |
| Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S) | 0:0:2:0 | SEE Marks | 50 |
| Credits | 01 | Exam Hours | 100 |
| Examination type (SEE) | practical | | |
| Course objectives: | | | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gain skill set to prepare Computer Aided Engineering Drawings using a software • Understanding the details of construction of different building elements • Visualize the completed form of the building and the intricacies of construction based on the engineering drawings • Get familiarization of practices used in Industry. | | | |
| Sl.NO | Experiments | | |
| 1 | Drawing Basics: Selection of scales for various drawings, thickness of lines, dimensioning, abbreviations and conventional representations as per IS:962. | | |
| 2 | Drawing Tools: Lines Circle, Arc, Poly line, Multiline, Polygon, Rectangle, Spline, Ellipse, Modify tools: Erase, Copy, Mirror, Offset, Array, Move, Rotate, Scale, Stretch, Lengthen, Trim, Extend, Break, Chamfer and Fillet, | | |
| 3 | Using Text: Single line text, Multiline text, Spelling, Edit text | | |
| 4 | Special Features: View tools, Layers concept, Dimension tools, Hatching, Customizing Toolbars, Working with multiple drawings. | | |
| 5 | Drawings of Different Building Elements: Refer NBC before practice a> Footing/ Foundation – Foundation dimension for Isolated, combined footing, Standard dimension and cross section of footing b> Size stone Masonry – Size of single and double bond stone, Sections at wall foundation c> Brick Masonry – Size of standard Burnt Brick, Solid Cement Block, Hollow Cement block, Other bricks used in current practice | | |
| 6 | Principles of planning, Planning regulations and building bye-laws, factors affecting site selection, Functional planning of residential and public buildings, design aspects for different public buildings. Recommendations of NBC. | | |
| 7 | Draw a building plan for single and double bed room accommodation for a given site dimension. Students have to go through Building Bye Laws and regulations | | |
| 8 | Prepare the centre line drawing for marking the single and double bedroom house as in in exercise 6 | | |
| 9 | Prepare a complete sanction plan for the exercise 6 as per the bye law. Also study the requirements to plan Residential Building, School building, Hospital Building, Offices | | |
| 10 | Drawing of plan with electrical, plumbing and sanitary services using CAD software | | |
| 11 | Drawing standard sections for Lintel and chajja, RCC Slabs, Columns and beams. | | |
| 12 | Drawing different types of staircases – Dog legged, Open well – plan and section | | |

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Prepare, read and interpret the drawings in a professional set up.
- Know the procedures of submission of drawings and Develop working and submission drawings for building.
- Plan of residential or public building as per the given requirements..

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted

between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.

- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

- MG Shah, CM Kale, SY Patki, “Building drawing with an integrated approach to Built Environment Drawing”, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing co. Ltd, New Delhi.
- Gurucharan Singh, “Building Construction”, Standard Publishers, & distributors, New Delhi.
- Malik RS and a Meo GS, “Civil Engineering Drawing”, Asian Publishers/Computech Publication Pvt Ltd

| Rural, Urban Planning and Architecture | | Semester | 3 |
|---|---------|-------------|-----|
| Course Code | BCV306A | CIE Marks | 50 |
| Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S) | 3:0:0 | SEE Marks | 50 |
| Total Hours of Pedagogy | 40 | Total Marks | 100 |
| Credits | 03 | Exam Hours | 03 |
| Examination type (SEE) | Theory | | |
| <p>Course objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To make the student understand about the past and present architecture of different parts of the world Rural and urban planning and growth and circulation of patterns and effect of increase in urbanization The basic planning required for urban and rural centres with respect to physical and social aspects Students to visit the different place of architecture monuments to understand the concept To understand different types of architecture and planning | | | |
| <p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> The architecture of India has to be understood and few exercises must be given. Student has to visit different cities to understand architecture and planning concepts Online courses to understand the basics YouTube videos Power point presentations | | | |
| Module-1 | | | |
| <p>Introduction: Aim and importance of Architecture, Architecture as a fine art. Role of an architect and an engineer. Essential principles and qualities of architecture with examples Factors of architecture: Mass, Form, Colour, Solids, and Voids, Uniformity, Balance and Symmetry, Painting with examples.</p> | | | |
| Module-2 | | | |
| <p>Architectural influence of the following: Association, Tradition, Climate, Materials, Topography, Religion social customs and aspiration of time. Architectural characteristics of the following architecture with examples. 1. Egyptian, 2. Greek, 3. Roman, 4. Buddhist, 5. Hindu, 6. Jain, 7. Chalukyan, 8. Modern architecture Factors that have influence present day Modern Architecture, Aesthetic difference between the past and present Architecture. Students are advised for a technical tour related Architecture and town planning to gain additional knowledge in this subject</p> | | | |
| Module-3 | | | |
| <p>Human settlements, Rural and urban pattern of growth, Factors that promote growth and development of Rural and urban areas Ancient Town Planning in India: Principles of town planning and circulation pattern with examples</p> | | | |
| Module-4 | | | |
| <p>Industrialisation: Impact on town planning, Urbanisation causes, its effect on town and cities, remedial measures both in urban and rural planning Circulation pattern in cities: Urban roads and streets, their functional classification, traffic survey data and its use in town planning</p> | | | |
| Module-5 | | | |

Contemporary objectives and methods of planning of town: Development plans for cities, objectives and stages involved in their preparation and implementation, space standards for planning.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

1. Understand importance of architecture in rural and urban planning
2. Understand Influence of architecture
3. Design infrastructure for rural and urban region
4. Plan and design rural and urban roads

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

1. History of Architecture – Fletcher
2. Urban pattern – Galliaon
3. Indian architecture – Vol. I & II – Perey Brown
4. Principle of town and country planning – Lewis Keeble
5. Urbanization and Urban Syatems in India, Ramachandran R, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
6. Town planning – Rangwala, Charohtar Publication

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

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Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

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| Geospatial Techniques in Practice | | Semester | 3 |
|--|----------------|-------------|-----|
| Course Code | BCV306B | CIE Marks | 50 |
| Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S) | 3:0:0:0 | SEE Marks | 50 |
| Total Hours of Pedagogy | 40 | Total Marks | 100 |
| Credits | 03 | Exam Hours | 03 |
| Examination type (SEE) | Theory | | |
| <p>Course objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduce the concept of various geospatial technologies used in the industry • Help to acquire basic idea about the processing and mapping with modern surveying equipment. • Elaborate proven concepts, business practices and applications of geospatial technology. • Explain learners understand how geospatial concepts are leveraged in handling real world business challenges of engineering and construction industry. | | | |
| <p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The online courses available should be shared with students 2. YouTube videos 3. Power point presentations 4. Visit to Survey of India office to collect more information | | | |
| Module-1 | | | |
| <p>Need of Geospatial technology in Industry: Geospatial in Day to Day Life, Spatial thinking, Evolution of location technology and importance of geography and maps. Need for spatial information, Terminologies, logic, language and formats of spatial technology. Location perspective of construction industry, Overview of Geospatial technology in tenders, Design and execution and Construction lifecycle management. Fundamentals and components of Geospatial Engineering, Surveying and Conventional survey equipment Vs Modern surveying equipment Components. Digital Land Surveying Needs.</p> | | | |
| Module-2 | | | |
| <p>Total Station and Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS): Basics of Surveying, Introduction to Survey and Mapping, Geospatial Surveying Equipment, Demo of Total Station Equipment, Setting out and mapping, Advanced geospatial solutions, GNSS Overview of components, working and signal structure of Global navigation System.</p> | | | |
| Module-3 | | | |
| <p>Geospatial Engineering and technology: Remote Sensing Technologies, Types of remote sensing, Sensors and its types, Application of sensors & platforms, Image Acquisition, Applications of Remote Sensing. 3D scanning, Principles and the science behind photogrammetry, LiDAR, RADAR and SONAR. Introduction to Platforms and working.</p> | | | |
| Module-4 | | | |
| <p>Geographical Information System: Basics of GIS, Vector & Raster data models, Types and components of a Map. Hardware for GIS, DEM and TIN Data products, Attribute Data Types. Basic GIS data conversions, conversions from non-spatial formats to spatial formats. Demo of Conversion of Excel to GIS, Demo of Conversion of CAD TO GIS, Demo of Downloading and Geo-referencing Topo sheets and Raster files.</p> | | | |

| Module-5 |
|--|
| <p>Applications and Future trends of Geospatial Technologies: Application of GIS - Spatial Analysis, Catchment Area delineation, Overlay Analysis, Cluster Analysis, Hotspot Analysis and View shed Analysis. Future Trends of Geospatial Technologies. Case Study 1 -Benefit Realization - Case Study 2 Advancements in Modern Survey & Mapping Technologies, Advancements in Spatial Analytics – Geo Intelligence, Future Trends, Geospatial Technology - Way Forward.</p> |
| <p>Course outcome (Course Skill Set)</p> <p>At the end of the course, the student will be able to :</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Comprehend different geospatial techniques in the Construction Industry. 2. Understand the application of geospatial equipment like Total Station, GNSS, LIDAR, UAV (Drones), etc., 3. Evaluate the various spatial analysis operations by using GIS Environment 4. Create a map layout with all essential cartographic elements in GIS Environment. 5. Illustrate the various geospatial emerging trends of GIS in Industry. |
| <p>Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)</p> <p>The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.</p> <p>Continuous Internal Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks. • The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered • Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned. • For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment. <p>Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.</p> <p>Semester-End Examination:</p> <p>Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (duration 03 hours).</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module. 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks <p>Suggested Learning Resources:</p> <p>Books</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • T. P. Kanetkar and S. V. Kulkarni, Surveying and Levelling, Parts 1 & 2, Pune Vidyarthi Griha Prakashan, Pune, 2010, 24th edition. |

- James M. Anderson and Edward M. Mikhail, Surveying, Theory and Practice, Seventh Edition, McGraw Hill 2001
- Satheesh Gopi, R. Sathikumar, N. Madhu, — Advanced Surveying, Total Station GPS and Remote Sensing — Pearson education, 2nd Edition, 2017.
- George Joseph and C. Jeganathan, Fundamentals of Remote Sensing, Third Edition Universities Press (India) Private limited, Hyderabad, 2018
- M. Anij Reddy. Textbook of Remote Sensing and Geographical Information systems. BS Publications, 2012.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

E-learning content on L&T EduTech Platform.

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- ArcGIS Online Open source
- QGIS Open source
- GPS co-ordinates app Open source
- Total Station Demo
- GNSS Demo

| Sustainable Design Concept for Building Services | | Semester | 3 |
|---|----------------|-------------|-----|
| Course Code | BCV306C | CIE Marks | 50 |
| Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S) | 3:0:0:0 | SEE Marks | 50 |
| Total Hours of Pedagogy | 40 | Total Marks | 100 |
| Credits | 03 | Exam Hours | 3 |
| Examination type (SEE) | Theory | | |
| <p>Course objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To facilitate learners to understand sustainable building designs and its parameters such as energy and water efficiency, Comfort in buildings, and waste management. To expose the learners to shading systems, thermal and visual comfort. To impart fundamental knowledge on Life cycle assessment and Green ratings and certifications. | | | |
| <p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Videos to teach, providing activities and assignments. Power Point presentation during online expert sessions. Hands-on software exercises through virtual classrooms. | | | |
| Module-1 | | | |
| <p>Introduction to Sustainability and Climatology: Overview of Sustainability – Global energy scenario, carbon footprint and climate action, Net zero in carbon offsetting, Water neutral, Sustainable construction and resource management. Green buildings - Selection of site – preservation and planning, Influence of climate on buildings, Basics of climatology, Earth – Sun relationship, Solar angles and sun path diagram, Design of shading systems.</p> | | | |
| Module-2 | | | |
| <p>Comfort in Buildings: Thermal comfort – Basics of Thermodynamics, Convection/radiation heat transfer, Heat gain through various elements of a building, Thermal comfort models and case studies Acoustics – Building acoustics, measures, defects and prevention of sound transmission Indoor Air Quality – Effects, design consideration and integrated approach for IAQ management Visual comfort – Enhancement strategies for Daylighting and Artificial</p> | | | |
| Module-3 | | | |
| <p>Energy, water efficiency and waste management in buildings: Energy efficiency – Energy efficiency in building envelope and energy efficient HVAC and Lighting as per Energy conservation building code (ECBC) 2017, Energy simulation, Energy management system – Renewable energy and Energy Audit. Water Efficiency – Planning and design of water management system, Rain water harvesting, Water efficient design and fixtures, Treatment and reuse and Water efficient landscape system.</p> <p>Waste management – Types of waste and its treatment methods, Construction and demolition waste management, Waste management in residential, commercial buildings, healthcare facilities.</p> | | | |
| Module-4 | | | |
| <p>Life Cycle Assessment of Buildings and Green project management: Materials – Green product certifications, features of sustainable building materials and sustainable alternatives for structural, envelope and finishing materials. Low carbon cement, Zero emission bricks and lean construction practices. Life cycle assessment and its types – Modelling and Analysis,</p> | | | |

Greenhouse gas emission. Different phases of Green building project management.

Module-5

Sustainable rating systems: Green building rating systems- LEED, BREEAM and others, Indian Green building rating systems – IGBC & GRIHA. IGBC criteria for certification -site selection credits, pre-design credits, detailed design credits, pre-construction credits, construction credits, post construction credits.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

1. Comprehend sustainable design, climatology, shading system and analyze heat transfer mechanism in buildings.
2. Assess the design considerations and parameters for thermal comfort, visual comfort, indoor air quality and acoustics.
3. Develop solutions for energy efficiency, water efficiency and waste management in buildings.
4. Adopt green project management methodology and evaluate building life cycle assessment.
5. Implement green practices during construction and operation phase of the buildings for achieving green rating.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:**Books**

1. HarharaIyer G, Green Building Fundamentals, Notion Press
2. Dr. Adv. HarshulSavla, Green Building: Principles & Practices
3. IGBC Green new building rating system - version 3.0 - Abridged reference guide
4. The Sustainable Habitat Handbook (6 Volume Set), GRIHA Version 2019
5. National Building Code – 2016, Volume 1&2, Bureau of Indian Standards
6. Energy Conservation Building Code – 2017 (with amendments up to 2020), Bureau of Energy Efficiency

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- E-learning content on L&T EduTech Platform.

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- ECO – NIWAS by Ministry of Power, Free Web tool to practice energy conservation
- Roof top solar energy calculator, Free Web tool to calculate solar power available

| Fire Safety in Buildings | | Semester | 3 |
|---|----------------|-------------|-----|
| Course Code | BCV306D | CIE Marks | 50 |
| Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S) | 3:0:0:0 | SEE Marks | 50 |
| Total Hours of Pedagogy | 40 | Total Marks | 100 |
| Credits | 03 | Exam Hours | 03 |
| Examination type (SEE) | Theory | | |
| <p>Course objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To understand the importance fire safety To learn various techniques involved in fire safety To design fire resistant buildings using proper materials and methods | | | |
| <p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> The online courses available should be shared with students YouTube videos Power point presentations Visit to fire stations and understand various fire accidents. | | | |
| Module-1 | | | |
| Fire: Introduction, Basic concepts of fire protection, Fire as a process of combustion, planning for fire protection, fire resistance Ventilation and fuel controlled fire, process of combustion: flashover condition, effect of fire on construction material, design of fire resistance steel structure, concrete structure | | | |
| Module-2 | | | |
| Fire safety: urban planning, escape and refuge, internal planning, detection and suppression Introduction to lift design, design of lift system, expected stop and floor of reversal, different cases, simulation, arrangements and escalators | | | |
| Module-3 | | | |
| Introduction to flow system: water supply, constant demand, variable demand and diversity factor, control systems Flow in pipe networks and fixture units, design of water supply distribution system, flow in waste water pipes | | | |
| Module-4 | | | |
| Introduction to HVAC: governing equations to HVAC process, numerical problem on HVAC system, psychometric chart, equation based approach Electrical systems: design of electrical systems, intelligent building, life cycle cost and basics of building maintenance, stages of maintenance management, planning for building maintenance, periodicity of maintenance management, estimation of repair cycle, cost profile of maintenance, lamp replacement, building inspection, planned and Ad-hoc maintenance | | | |
| Module-5 | | | |
| Condition survey and health evaluation of buildings, diagnosis of building by visual survey, case studies of visual survey, effect of corrosion and alkali aggregate reaction, sampling and choice of test location Non-destructive testing, core strength test, carbonation and chloride measurement, electrical method of progress measurement Repair, rehabilitation, retrofit, periodicity and economics of condition survey, interpretation of test results | | | |

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

1. Understand types of fire, combustion process and fire resistance
2. Plan for fire safety and design of lifts
3. Design flow network in buildings
4. Design of electrical systems and maintenance
5. Perform health evaluation of buildings and suggest remedies

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:**Books**

1. J A Purkiss, Fire Safety Engineering: Design of Structures, ISBN 13 978-8131220085, Elsevier, 2009
2. V K Jain, Fire Safety in Buildings, ISBN-13 978-938980219, New Age International Private Limited; Third edition, 2020
3. Fire protection, services and maintenance management of building, NPTEL video lecture, IIT, Delhi
4. Bureau of Indian Standards, "HAND BOOK OF FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS OF BUILDINGS, (SP-41 & SP- 32)", BIS 1987 and 1989.
5. Markus,T.A. & Morris, E.N., "BUILDING CLIMATE AND ENERGY" Pitman publishing limited. 1980.
6. Croome,J.D .& Roberts,B.M.,"AIR CONDITIONING AND VENTILATION OF BUILDINGS, VOL-1".Pergamon press.
7. Building Services Design - T.W.MEVER
8. Building Engineering & System Design - F.S.MERRIT & J. AMBROSE
9. SP-35 (1987): Handbook of Water supply & drainage-BIS
10. N.B.C.-2007 BIS

11. Concept of building fire safety - D.EGAN.
12. Design of fire resisting structures - H.L. MALHOTRA.

List of reference materials/books/

1. An introduction to fire dynamics -D.DRYSDALE
2. Structural fire protection Edt by T.T.LIE
3. Elevator technology - G.C.BARNEY
4. HEATING VENTILATING AND AIR CONDITIONING Analysis and Design - Faye C. McQuiston and Jerald D. Parker.
5. Building Maintenance Management-R.LEE
6. Developments In Building Maintenance -I.EJ. GIBSON
7. Concrete Structures: materials, Maintenance And Repair D.CAMPBELL,ALLEN & H.ROPER

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- • <https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/105/102/105102176/>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Assignment students: A case study of fire hazard in building and restoration procedure adopted

| Data analytics with Excel | | Semester | 3 |
|--|---|------------|-----|
| Course Code | BCV358A | CIE Marks | 50 |
| Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S) | 0:0:2:0 | SEE Marks | 50 |
| Credits | 01 | Exam Hours | 100 |
| Examination type (SEE) | practical | | |
| Course objectives: | | | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the use of Spreadsheet for data collection and analysis. • Evaluate the equations using Excel functions • Learn the data quality and consistency of data | | | |
| Sl.NO | Experiments | | |
| 1 | Introduction to Data Analysis Using Spreadsheets: Fundamentals of spreadsheet applications, Excel interface, and learn how to navigate around a worksheet and workbook. | | |
| 2 | Using Excel Spreadsheets: Perform basic spreadsheet tasks, such as viewing, entering and editing data, and moving, copying and filling data. Learn about the fundamentals of formulas, and learn about the most common functions used by a data analyst. Finally, you will learn how to reference data in formulas. | | |
| 3 | Cleaning & Wrangling Data Using Spreadsheets: Importance of data quality, how to import file data in to Excel, fundamentals of data privacy, remove duplicate and inaccurate data, and how to remove empty rows in your data.. | | |
| 4 | How to deal with inconsistencies in your data and how to use the Flash Fill and Text to Columns features to help you manipulate and standardize your data | | |
| 5 | Analyzing Data Using Spreadsheets: Fundamentals of analyzing data using a spreadsheet, and learn how to filter and sort data. Learn how to use some of the most useful functions for a data analyst | | |
| 6 | How to use the VLOOKUP and HLOOKUP reference functions. In addition, learn how to create pivot tables in Excel, and use several pivot table features | | |
| 7 | Final Project: In this final module, you will be introduced to a hands-on lab where you will complete a graded assignment for cleaning and preparing data, and then analyzing data using an Excel spreadsheet. | | |
| 8 | Submission of report for final assessment | | |
| Course outcomes (Course Skill Set): | | | |
| At the end of the course the student will be able to: | | | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prepare the data sets and perform the analysis. • Analyse and perform repetitive calculations using several functions • Design and apply solutions to verify the data sets | | | |

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

- <https://www.coursera.org/learn/excel-basics-data-analysis-ibm>
- Any online platform with the above course content like YouTube videos and NPTEL courses

| | | | |
|---|---------|-------------|-----|
| Smart Urban Infrastructure | | Semester | 3 |
| Course Code | BCV358B | CIE Marks | 50 |
| Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S) | 1:0:0:0 | SEE Marks | 50 |
| Total Hours of Pedagogy | 15 | Total Marks | 100 |
| Credits | 01 | Exam Hours | 1 |
| Examination type (SEE) | Theory | | |
| <p>Course objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Knowing about Urban Infrastructure Systems & their Management • Knowing about Smart Cities Key Concepts • Understand the Transport and Energy Smart Urban Infrastructure and Services • Developing Feasibility Studies for Smart City Services • Understand the Global Context of Smart Cities | | | |
| <p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. You Tube videos and online study material 2. PPT. 3. Assignments and quiz to explore more on smart cities | | | |
| Module-1 | | | |
| <p>Introduction to Smart Urban Infrastructures and Smart Cities: Introduction to smart city, Basic concept of developing smart city, Global standards to create smart city. Different conceptual approaches to Smart Cities and discussing the pros and cons of each approach. Smart urban Infrastructure: List of infrastructure facilities, advantages and disadvantages.</p> | | | |
| Module-2 | | | |
| <p>Smart Urban Energy Systems: Introduction to Smart Energy Systems, Government policy and technology. Energy sector to explore some of the most important managerial considerations in the transition phase and operation of Smart Urban Energy Systems.</p> | | | |
| Module-3 | | | |
| <p>Smart Transportation Technologies: Introduction to smart transportation system, Mode of transport systems for smart city, data collection to arrive at best transport facility. Significant opportunities and threads for legacy urban transportation systems. Managerial considerations to facilitate the transition phase, and operation of Smart Urban Transportation Systems</p> | | | |
| Module-4 | | | |
| <p>Towards Smart Cities: Important factors in the transition phase of legacy cities to Smart cities and their managerial implications.</p> | | | |
| Module-5 | | | |
| <p>Towards Smart Cities: Management of Smart Cities calls for different approaches from conventional urban management approaches. The role of city government in the network of actors who play an important role in management of Smart Cities.</p> | | | |

| |
|---|
| <p>Course outcome (Course Skill Set)</p> <p>At the end of the course the student will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Understand the concept of smart city 2. Play the role of a civil engineer in providing smart infrastructure 3. Design efficient energy system for smart city 4. Analyse and design efficient transport system |
| <p>Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)</p> <p>The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.</p> <p>Continuous internal Examination (CIE)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks. • The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered • Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned. • For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment. <p>Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom’s taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.</p> <p>Semester End Examinations (SEE)</p> <p>SEE paper shall be set for 50 questions, each of the 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ (multiple choice questions). The time allotted for SEE is 01 hour. The student has to secure a minimum of 35% of the maximum marks meant for SEE.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>MCQ (Multiple Choice Questions) are preferred for 01 credit courses, however, if course content demands the general question paper pattern that followed for 03 credit course, then</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 10 marks. 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module may or may not have the sub-questions (with maximum sub-questions of 02, with marks distributions 5+5, 4+6, 3+7). 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. |
| <p>Suggested Learning Resources:</p> <p>Books</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Infrastructure for Smart Cities, Dr. R P Rathaliya, Shree Hari Publications, 2021 2. Building Smart Cities, ISBN-13 978-1032340128, by Carol L. Stimmel, 2022 3. Smart Cities for Sustainable Development, Ram Kumar Mishra, Ch Lakshmi Kumari, Sandeep Chachra, P.S. Janaki Krishna, Springer, ISBN-13 978-9811674099, 2022 |
| <p>Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • https://www.coursera.org/learn/smart-cities |
| <p>Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • |

| Problem Solving with PYTHON | | Semester | 3 |
|---|---------|-------------|-----|
| Course Code | BCV358C | CIE Marks | 50 |
| Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S) | 0:2:0:0 | SEE Marks | 50 |
| Total Hours of Pedagogy | 15 | Total Marks | 100 |
| Credits | 01 | Exam Hours | 1 |
| Examination type (SEE) | Theory | | |
| <p>Course objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To understand why Python is a useful scripting language for developers. To read and write simple Python programs To learn how to identify Python object types. To learn how to write functions and pass arguments in Python. | | | |
| <p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Black board and PPT. 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts. 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class. 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. | | | |
| Module-1 | | | |
| Introduction to Python: Installing Python and Python packages, Managing virtual environments with venv module Introduction to NumPy arrays:Array creation, indexing, data types, broadcasting, copies and views, universal functions, I/O with NumPy | | | |
| Module-2 | | | |
| Introduction to NumPy and SciPy:NumPy subpackages– linalg, fft, random, polynomials, SciPy subpackages– linalg, fftpack, integrate, interpolate, optimize Introduction to Matplotlib: Plotting 2D graphs with Matplotlib, annotations, legend, saving plots to file, bar and pie charts, line plots. | | | |
| Module-3 | | | |
| Linear algebra using NumPy and SciPy:Solving linear simultaneous equations using NumPy and SciPy using numpy.linalg and scipy.linalg – solve, inverse, determinant, least square solution, Linear algebra using NumPy and SciPy (continued): Decomposition using lu and cholesky. Solving eigenvalue problems using NumPy and SciPy:Using numpy.linalg and scipy.linalg – eig, eigvals. | | | |
| Module-4 | | | |
| Solving initial value problems for ODE systems using scipy.integrate subpackage – solve_ivp, RK45, LSODA. Numerical integration of functions using SciPy:Using scipy.integratesubpackage– Definite integral using Gaussian quadrature – quad and quadrature Numerical integration of fixed samples using scipy.integratesubpackage– Trapezoidal rule trapezoid, Simpson's 1/3 rule using Simpson, Romberg integration romb. | | | |
| Module-5 | | | |

Determining roots of equations using SciPy using `scipy.optimize` subpackage– Bisection method `bisect`, Brent’s method `brentq`, Newton-Raphson method `newton`. Symbolic computing using SymPy and solving civil engineering problems using SymPy: Introduction, defining symbols, derivatives, integrals, limits, expression evaluation, expression simplification, solving equations, solving differential equations.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

1. Understand Python syntax and semantics and be fluent in the use of Python flow control and functions.
2. Demonstrate proficiency in handling Strings and File Systems.
3. Represent compound data using Python lists, tuples, Strings, dictionaries.
4. Read and write data from/to files in Python Programs

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous internal Examination (CIE)

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom’s taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examinations (SEE)

SEE paper shall be set for 50 questions, each of the 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ (multiple choice questions). The time allotted for SEE is **01 hour**. The student has to secure a minimum of 35% of the maximum marks meant for SEE.

OR

MCQ (Multiple Choice Questions) are preferred for 01 credit courses, however, if course content demands the general question paper pattern that followed for 03 credit course, then

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 10 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module may or may not have the sub-questions (with maximum sub-questions of 02, with marks distributions 5+5, 4+6, 3+7).
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

1. R. Nageswara Rao, “Core Python Programming”, dreamtech
2. Python Programming: A Modern Approach, Vamsi Kurama, Pearson

| |
|--|
| 3. 3. Python Programming , Reema theraja, OXFORD publication |
| Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources): |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NumPy documentation at https://numpy.org/doc/ • SciPy documentation at https://docs.scipy.org/doc/scipy/ • Matplotlib documentation at https://matplotlib.org/stable/users/index • SymPy documentation at https://docs.sympy.org/latest/index.html. |
| Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects developed using python language |

| Personality Development for Civil Engineers | | Semester | 3 |
|--|---------|-------------|-----|
| Course Code | BCV358D | CIE Marks | 50 |
| Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S) | 1:0:0:0 | SEE Marks | 50 |
| Total Hours of Pedagogy | 15 | Total Marks | 100 |
| Credits | 01 | Exam Hours | 1 |
| Examination type (SEE) | Theory | | |
| <p>Course objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To offer placement focused guidance across interview best practices, formal communication, and business etiquette To give learners a comprehensive understanding of job skills and knowledge that are essential for adapting to changes in workplace | | | |
| <p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <p>1. .</p> | | | |
| Module-1 | | | |
| <p>LSRW and Personality Development: Importance of LSRW Skills: Art of listening- Listening comprehension – Art of Speaking – Art of Reading – Reading comprehension – Art of Writing – email writing Personality Development: Emotional Intelligence – Self Awareness – Self Management – Personal SWOT – Manners & Etiquette – Positive Attitude – Confidence building Interpersonal Skills: Active Listening – Motivation – Flexibility – Patience – Dependability – Adaptability – Interpersonal & Intrapersonal skills – Body Language</p> | | | |
| Module-2 | | | |
| <p>NVC, Presentation and Teamwork: Non – Verbal Communication: Body language – Gestures – Postures – Eye contact – Hand Shake – First impression – Proxemics – Facial Expressions Presentation Skills: 4P’s of Presentation – Communicating with Credibility – Audience analysis and Building Rapport – Usage of Figures, diagrams & Charts – Presenting with Confidence – Body Language in Presentation Teamwork: What is a Team - Stages of a Team – Benefits of Team work & Collaboration – Group vs Team – Types of Teams – Roles of the Team</p> | | | |
| Module-3 | | | |
| <p>Etiquette and Management: Critical Thinking & Problem Solving: Core Skills – Uses & Importance of Critical Thinking – Principles of Critical Thinking – Facts about Problem Solving – Skills to use in Problem Solving - Problem Solving Process – Barriers to Problem Solving Time Management: Managing your time – Time wasters – Analyzing your Strengths and weakness – Goal Setting – Why Goal Setting is important - SMART Goals – Types of Goals Business Etiquette: Types of Etiquette – Importance of Etiquette – Meeting Etiquette – Office Etiquette – Phone and email Etiquette – Work Place Etiquette</p> | | | |
| Module-4 | | | |
| <p>Leadership: Leadership Skills: What makes an effective Leader – Relationship Building – Leader vs Boss – Decision Making Skills – Innovation & Motivation – Dependability Business Writing – How to improve your Business writing skills – Importance of Business writing – how to write effectively – 5C’s of Business writing – 4 types of Business writing Conflict Management: Strategies of Conflict Management – Best practices for Conflict Resolution –</p> | | | |

Stress Management – Learn to say No – Importance of Conflict Management at Work Place

Module-5

V GD, Creativity and Psychometry: Group Discussion: Types of GD – Attitude & being Proactive – Time management & how to stick to it – Importance of Listening - Do's & Don'ts Creativity & Innovation: What is Creativity – What is Innovation – Difference between Creativity & Innovation – Categories and misconception of Creativity Psychometric Analysis: What is Psychometric Analysis – Cognitive Skills – Importance of Personality Tests – Personality Profiling

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

1. Use English as a medium of communication in interviews and in any professional working environment proficiently
2. Develop necessary skills to Answer common interview questions, express confidence in body language and present with clarity

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous internal Examination (CIE)

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examinations (SEE)

SEE paper shall be set for 50 questions, each of the 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ (multiple choice questions). The time allotted for SEE is **01 hour**. The student has to secure a minimum of 35% of the maximum marks meant for SEE.

OR

MCQ (Multiple Choice Questions) are preferred for 01 credit courses, however, if course content demands the general question paper pattern that followed for 03 credit course, then

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 10 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module may or may not have the sub-questions (with maximum sub-questions of 02, with marks distributions 5+5, 4+6, 3+7).
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Suggested Learning Resources:**Books**

1. Personality Development And Soft Skills, Barun K Mitra, 2nd edition, Oxford University Press, 2016
2. Power of Positive thinking, Norman Vincent Peale, ISBN-13 978-0091906382, RHUK, 2016
3. Magic of thinking Big, David J Schwartz, ISBN-13 978-1785040474, Vermilion, 2016

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- NPTEL videos.

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Select a topic and write an essay
- Conduct group discussion

| Analysis of Structures | | Semester | IV |
|---|--|-------------|-----|
| Course Code | BCV401 | CIE Marks | 50 |
| Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S) | 03 | SEE Marks | 50 |
| Total Hours of Pedagogy | 3:0:0:0 | Total Marks | 100 |
| Credits | 03 | Exam Hours | 03 |
| Examination type (SEE) | Theory/practical/Viva-Voce /Term-work/Others | | |
| <p>Course Learning objectives: This course will enable students to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the Different Forms of Structural Systems. • Determine the Strain Energy and Slope and Deflection of Beams, Trusses and Frames. • Analyse arches and cable structures. • Analyse different types of beams and frames using slope deflection method. • Analyse different types of beams and frames using moment distribution method. | | | |
| <p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies; which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Apart from conventional lecture methods various types of innovative teaching techniques through videos, animation films may be adopted so that the delivered lesson can progress the students in theoretical, applied and practical skills. 2. Arrange field visits to give brief information about the water and wastewater treatment plant. 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class. 4. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher-order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking and enhance the knowledge of treatment processes. 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students, Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. 6. Seminars, surprise tests and Quizzes may be arranged for students in respective subjects to develop skills | | | |
| Module-1 | | | |
| <p>Introduction and Analysis of Plane Trusses: Structural forms, Conditions of equilibrium, Compatibility conditions, Degree of freedom, Linear and nonlinear analysis, Static and kinematic indeterminacies of structural systems, Types of trusses, Assumptions in analysis, Analysis of determinate trusses by method of joints and method of sections. L1,L2,L3</p> | | | |
| Module-2 | | | |

| |
|--|
| <p>DEFLECTION OF BEAMS: Moment area method: Derivation, Mohr's theorems, sign convention; Application of moment area method to determinate prismatic beams, beams of varying cross section; Use of moment diagram by parts.</p> <p>Strain Energy: Principle of virtual displacements, Principle of virtual forces, Strain energy and complimentary energy, Strain energy due to axial force, bending, shear and torsion (No numerical). Castigliano's theorems, application of Castigliano's theorems to calculate deflection of beams, trusses and frames (No numerical on unit load method).</p> |
| Module-3 |
| <p>Arches and Cable Structures: Three hinged parabolic arches with supports at the same and different levels. Determination of normal thrust, radial shear and bending moment. Analysis of cables under point loads and UDL. Length of cables for supports at same and at different levels- Stiffening trusses for suspension cables.</p> <p>L1,L2,L3</p> |
| Module-4 |
| <p>Slope Deflection Method: Introduction, sign convention, development of slope deflection equation; Analysis of continuous beams including settlement of supports; Analysis of orthogonal rigid plane frames including sway frames with kinematic indeterminacy up to 3</p> <p>L1,L2,L3,L4</p> |
| Module-5 |
| <p>Moment Distribution Method: Introduction, Definition of terms, Development of method, Analysis of continuous beams with support yielding, Analysis of orthogonal rigid plane frames including sway frames with kinematic indeterminacy up to 3</p> <p>L1,L2,L3,L4</p> |
| <p>Course outcome (Course Skill Set)</p> <p>At the end of the course, the student will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. identify the different forms of structural systems and analyse the trusses. 2. Evaluate the slope and deflections in beams, frames and trusses by using moment area method and energy principle. 3. Analyse and determine the stress resultants in arches and cables. 4. Analyse the indeterminate structures and construct BMD AND SFD using slope deflection methods. 5. Analyse the indeterminate structures and construct BMD AND SFD using Moment Distribution Method. |

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- There are 25 marks for the CIE's Assignment component and 25 for the Internal Assessment Test component.
- Each test shall be conducted for 25 marks. The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the coverage of the syllabus, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the coverage of the syllabus. The average of the two tests shall be scaled down to 25 marks
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The schedule for assignments shall be planned properly by the course teacher. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned. Each assignment shall be conducted for 25 marks. (If two assignments are conducted then the sum of the two assignments shall be scaled down to 25 marks)
- The final CIE marks of the course out of 50 will be the sum of the scale-down marks of tests and assignment/s marks.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:**Books**

1. Reddy, C.S., Basic Structural Analysis, 3 rd. ed., Tata McGraw-Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2011.
2. Hibbeler, R.C., Structural Analysis, 9 th edition., Pearson publications., New Delhi, 2012.
3. Thandavamoorthy, T.S., Structural Analysis, 6 th edition., Oxford University press., New Delhi, 2015.
4. L S Negi and R S Jangid, "Structural Analysis", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd.
5. D S Prakash Rao, "Structural Analysis: A Unified Approach", Universities Press 4
6. K.U. Muthu and H. Narendra, "Indeterminate Structural Analysis", IK International Publishing Pvt. Ltd.
7. Gupta S P, G S Pundit and R Gupta, "Theory of Structures", Vol II, Tata McGraw Hill Publications company Ltd.
8. V N Vazirani and M M Ratwani, "Analysis of Structures", Vol. 2, Khanna Publishers
9. Wang C K, "Intermediate Structural Analysis", McGraw Hill, International Students Edition. S. Rajashekhara and G. Sankarasubramanian, "Computational Structural Mechanics", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.,
10. S S Bhavikatti, structural analysis, vikas publishing house pvt.ltd., new Delhi
11. S Ramamrutham and R Narayanan, Theory of structures , Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company.

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|--|
| Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources): |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105105166 • https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105105166 • https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105105166 • https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105105109 • https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105105109 • https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105105109 |
| Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seminars /Quiz (to assist in GATE preparations) • Demonstrations in using Softwares • Self-Study on simple topics • Simple problems solving by Etabs/Staad pro. |

CO & PSO - PO Mapping (Individual Teacher has to fill)

| Mapping of Course Outcomes and Program specific outcomes to Program Outcomes | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Course outcomes | Program outcomes | | | | | | | | | | | | Program Specific Outcomes | | | |
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 | PSO 4 |
| CO1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Average | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Level 0: Not Mapped, 1: Low Mapped, 2: Moderately Mapped 3: Highly Mapped

Note: Depending on the Assessment tool used, higher order POs Can be identified by the concerned course instructor.

| FLUID MECHANICS AND HYDRAULICS | | Semester | IV |
|--|---------------------|-------------|-----|
| Course Code | BCV402 | CIE Marks | 50 |
| Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S) | 3:0:2:0 | SEE Marks | 50 |
| Total Hours of Pedagogy | 40 + 8-10 Lab slots | Total Marks | 100 |
| Credits | 04 | Exam Hours | 3 |
| Examination nature (SEE) | Theory/Practical | | |
| Course Learning objectives: This course will enable students to | | | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the Fundamentals of properties of fluids, fluid pressure measurement and hydrostatic law • Learn the Principles of kinematics, hydrodynamics and its applications • Study the Flow measurements and design of pipes • Understand the design of open channels and energy concepts • Understand the Working principles of hydraulic turbines and pumps | | | |
| Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) | | | |
| These are sample Strategies; which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. | | | |
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Apart from conventional lecture methods various types of innovative teaching techniques through videos, animation films may be adopted so that the delivered lesson can progress the students in theoretical, applied and practical skills. 2. Arrange field visits to give brief information about the water and wastewater treatment plant. 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class. 4. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher-order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking and enhance the knowledge of treatment processes. 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students, Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. 6. Seminars, surprise tests and Quizzes may be arranged for students in respective subjects to develop skills. | | | |
| MODULE-1 | | | |
| Fluids and their properties – compressibility, surface tension, capillarity, Pascal’s law, hydrostatic law, fluid pressure measurement using simple and differential manometers, Total pressure and center of pressure on vertical and inclined plane surfaces. L2,L3 | | | |
| MODULE-2 | | | |
| Kinematics- Types of flow, continuity equation in Cartesian coordinates, velocity potential, stream function, flow nets, Dynamics-Euler’s equation of motion, Bernoulli’s equation, Application- Venturimeter, Orifice meter, Pitot tube. L2,L4 | | | |
| MODULE-3 | | | |
| Classification of orifice and mouthpiece, hydraulic coefficients, discharge over rectangular, triangular and Cipoletti notch, Flow through pipes- major and minor losses, pipes in series and parallel, equivalent pipe, concept of water hammer and surge tanks. L2,L4 | | | |
| MODULE-4 | | | |

| |
|---|
| Open channel hydraulics- classification of flow, Most economical channel sections-rectangular, triangular, trapezoidal, circular, Uniform flow, specific energy-rectangular channels, on-uniform flow, hydraulic jump-equation and applications, GVF equation-types. L2,L4 |
| MODULE-5 |
| Momentum equation, impact of jet on stationary and moving curved vanes Turbines-types, Pelton wheel-working proportions, velocity triangles Francis turbine- working proportions, velocity triangles Centrifugal pumps-work done, efficiency, multi-stage pumps. L2,L4 |

PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC (May cover all / major modules)

| Sl.NO | Experiments | |
|-------|---|--------------|
| 1 | Verification of Bernoulli's equation | L1,L2 |
| 2 | Calibration of Venturimeter/Orifice meter | L1,L2 |
| 3 | Determination of hydraulic coefficients of small vertical orifice | L1,L2 |
| 4 | Calibration of triangular notch | L1,L2 |
| 5 | Determination of Cd for Cipoletti notch | L1,L2 |
| 6 | Determination of major losses in pipes | L1,L2 |
| 7 | Determination of Cd for ogee/broad crested weir | L1,L2 |
| 8 | Determination of efficiency of jet on flat and curved vanes | L1,L2 |
| 9 | Determination of Cd of Venturiflume | L1,L2 |
| 10 | Demo of determination of efficiency of centrifugal pump | L1,L2 |
| 11 | Demo of determination of efficiency of Francis/Kaplan turbine | L1,L2 |
| 12 | Demo of determination of efficiency of Pelton wheel | L1,L2 |

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Explain the fundamental properties of fluids and solve problems on fluid pressure and hydrostatics.
- Apply the principles of kinematics and dynamics of fluid flow to solve problems on velocity and pressure.
- Compute the discharge through pipes, notches and weirs.
- Design the turbines and open channels of different sections and to estimate the energy loss in hydraulic jump.
- Able to interpret the experimental results of discharge, efficiency based on the test conducted in the laboratory.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.

- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks**).
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

CIE for the practical component of the IPCC

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test (**duration 02/03 hours**) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to **10 marks**.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

SEE for IPCC

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored by the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.

Suggested Learning Resources:**Books:****Text Books:**

1. P.N. Modi and S.M. Seth-Hydraulics and Fluid Mechanics, including Hydraulic machines, standard Book House, New Delhi
2. K Subramanya- Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi
3. R.K. Bansal- A text book of Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines- Laxmi Publications, New Delhi
4. Victor L. Streeter, Benjamin Wyle E and Keith W. Bedford- Fluid Mechanics, Tata McGraw Hill publishing Co Ltd, New Delhi
5. J.F. Douglas. M. Gastric, John Warfield, Lynne Jack – Fluid Mechanics, Pearson, Fifth edition.
6. K. Subramanya- Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines, Problems and Solutions, Tata McGrawhill, New Delhi.
7. S K SOM and G.Bis was – “ introduction to Fluid Mechanics and Fluid Machines, Tata MCG raw Hill, New Delhi.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- YouTube Videos

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning:

- Visit to hydro- electric power plant
- Visit to sites to visualise the flow measuring devices, viz., weirs, spillways, etc.

CO & PSO - PO Mapping (Individual Teacher has to fill)

| Mapping of Course Outcomes and Program specific outcomes to Program Outcomes | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Course outcomes | Program outcomes | | | | | | | | | | | | Program Specific Outcomes | | | |
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 | PSO 4 |
| CO1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Average | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Level 0: Not Mapped, 1: Low Mapped, 2: Moderately Mapped 3: Highly Mapped

Note: Depending on the Assessment tool used, higher order POs Can be identified by the concerned course instructor.

| TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING | | Semester | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|-----|
| Course Code | BCV403 | CIE Marks | 50 |
| Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S) | 3:0:2:0 | SEE Marks | 50 |
| Total Hours of Pedagogy | 40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab slots | Total Marks | 100 |
| Credits | 04 | Exam Hours | |
| Examination nature (SEE) | Theory | | |

Course Learning objectives: This course will enable students to

- Gain knowledge of different modes of transportation systems and to learn the introductory concepts on Highway Engineering.
- Get insight to different highway materials and pavement design elements of a highway network.
- Realize the significance of road safety by incorporating the concepts of Traffic Engineering.
- Understand to different aspects of geometric elements of railway system and evaluate the material quantity required for track laying
- Gain knowledge about various components of an Airport and its runway design.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies; which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Apart from conventional lecture methods various types of innovative teaching techniques through videos, animation films may be adopted so that the delivered lesson can progress the students in theoretical, applied and practical skills.
2. Arrange field visits to give brief information about the water and wastewater treatment plant.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher-order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking and enhance the knowledge of treatment processes.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students, Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Seminars, surprise tests and Quizzes may be arranged for students in respective subjects to develop skills

MODULE-1

TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING: Introduction, Different Modes of Transportation, M R Jayakar Committee recommendations, Road Classifications and Road Patterns.

Highway Alignment: Factors affecting highway alignment, Engineering surveys for alignment-conventional and modern methods.

Highway Geometric Design: Factors affecting geometric design of roads, Cross Sectional Elements, Sight distances, Horizontal alignment- Transition curve, superelevation, Extrawidening, Vertical alignment-gradients, summit and valley curves. (*No derivations*)

| |
|---|
| <p><i>Problems on Sight distance, Super elevation, extra widening of curves, Length of transition curve, Length of summit and valley curve.</i> (L1, L2)</p> |
| MODULE-2 |
| <p>HIGHWAY MATERIALS AND PAVEMENTS: Desirable properties of aggregates, soil subgrade & Bitumen, Application of bituminous emulsion, Desirable properties of Bituminous Mixes Pavement Design: Factors Controlling design of highway pavements, Pavement types, component parts of pavements and their functions; types of joints used in rigid pavement. Critical stresses in flexible and rigid pavement. Highway Drainage: Significance and requirements, Surface drainage system and design-Examples, sub surface drainage system, Types of cross drainage structures their choice and location. <i>Problems on design of Longitudinal drain.</i> (L2, L3)</p> |
| MODULE-3 |
| <p>TRAFFIC ENGINEERING: Objectives and scope of Traffic Engineering. Traffic Characteristics: Road user characteristics, vehicular characteristics – static and dynamic characteristics, Reaction time of driver and PIEV theory, Types of traffic engineering studies-volume, spot speed, speed and delay, parking, accident, origin & destination, objectives of studies and data collection, method of study, analysis. PCU concept, factors affecting and PCU at different locations and applications. Traffic signs, Signal design by IRC method; Types of intersections. <i>Problems on Spot speed studies, Speed and delay studies, accident studies, Signal design by IRC method.</i> (L2, L3)</p> |
| MODULE-4 |
| <p>RAILWAY ENGINEERING: Permanent way and its requirements, Gauges and types, Typical cross sections single and double-line BG track, Coning of wheels and tilting of rails, Rails-Functions-requirements, types and defects of rails. Sleepers and Ballast: Functions, requirements, Track fitting and fasteners, Calculation of quantity of materials required for laying a track, Points & crossings, Railway Station and Yards. Metro train & high speed train- Design factors considered. <i>Problem on Quantity calculation for laying railway track. Super-elevation</i> (L1, L2)</p> |
| MODULE-5 |
| <p>AIRPORT ENGINEERING: Layout of an airport with component parts and functions, Site selection for airport, Aircraft characteristics affecting the design and planning of airport, Airport classification, Runway orientation using wind rose with examples. RUNWAY-Basic runway length-Corrections and examples, Runway geometrics, Taxiway-Factors affecting the layout - geometrics of taxiway-Comparison between Runway and Highway, Design of exit taxiway with examples. <i>Problems on Runway orientation, Basic Runway length, Exit taxiway design.</i> (L2, L3)</p> |

PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC (May cover all / major modules)

| Sl. NO | Experiments (8-10 Lab slots) |
|--------|---|
| 1 | Tests on Aggregates a. Crushing Strength Test b. Los Angeles abrasion test c. Impact test d. Shape tests (combined index and angularity number) (L1, L2) |
| 2 | Tests on Bituminous Materials a. Penetration test b. Ductility test c. Softening point test d. Specific gravity test e. Viscosity test by tar viscometer f. Flash and fire point test (L1, L2) |
| 3 | Tests on Soil a. Wet sieve analysis b. CBR Test on soil (L1, L2) |
| 4 | Design of flexible pavement as per IRC 37-2018 (L2, L4) |
| 5 | Design of Rigid pavement as per IRC 58-2015 (L3, L4) |
| 6 | Bituminous Mix Design by Marshall Method (Demonstration only) (L1, L2) |
| 7 | Traffic Engineering studies (L3, L4) |

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Explain the basic principles of geometric design in the context of transportation engineering and planning.
2. Select the appropriate pavement materials for construction and design the pavement as per standard practices.
3. Conduct traffic studies and analyse traffic data for practical applications.
4. Identify the Components parts of Railway Track and design the suitable runway for an Airport.
5. Able to interpret the experimental results of highway materials based on laboratory tests and design the pavement as per IRC guidelines.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.

- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks**).
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

CIE for the practical component of the IPCC

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test (**duration 02/03 hours**) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to **10 marks**.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

SEE for IPCC

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored by the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

1. S K Khanna and C E G Justo, "Highway Engineering", Nem Chand Bros, Roorkee.
2. L R Kadiyali, "Highway Engineering", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi.
3. "A Text Book of Railway Engineering" by S C Saxena and S P Arora
4. "Airport Engineering" by S C Rangwala
5. "Airport Planning and Design" by Khanna Arora and Jain, Nem Chand Bros, Roorke.
6. "Roads, Railways, Bridges, Tunnels and Harbour Dock Engineering by B L Gupta, Amit Gupta.
7. S K Khanna, C E G Justo and A Veeraragavan, "Highway Materials Testing Laboratory Manual", Nem Chand Bros, Roorkee.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105101087>
2. https://onlinemanuals.txdot.gov/txdotmanuals/rdw/horizontal_alignment.htm#BGBHGEGC
3. www.civil.iitb.ac.in/tvm/1111_nptel/567_Grade/plain/plain.html
4. <https://www.pavementinteractive.org/>
5. <https://www.eng.auburn.edu/research/centers/ncat/research/other-publications.html>
6. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/106/105106203/>
7. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/101/105101008>
8. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/104/105104098>
9. <https://www.classcentral.com/course/edx-intro-to-traffic-flow-modeling-and-intelligenttransport-systems-12728>
10. <https://www.aai.aero/>
11. <https://www.faa.gov/>
12. <https://www.icao.int>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Visit to a road construction project

CO & PSO - PO Mapping (Individual Teacher has to fill)

| Mapping of Course Outcomes and Program specific outcomes to Program Outcomes | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Course outcomes | Program outcomes | | | | | | | | | | | | Program Specific Outcomes | | | |
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 | PSO 4 |
| CO1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Average | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Level 0: Not Mapped, 1: Low Mapped, 2: Moderately Mapped 3: Highly Mapped

Note: Depending on the Assessment tool used, higher order POs Can be identified by the concerned course instructor.

| BUILDING MATERIALS LABORATORY | | Semester | 4 |
|--|---|------------|-----|
| Course Code | BCV404 | CIE Marks | 50 |
| Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S) | 0:0:2:0 | SEE Marks | 50 |
| Credits | 01 | Exam Hours | 100 |
| Examination type (SEE) | Practical | | |
| Course objectives: | | | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ability to apply knowledge of mathematics and engineering in calculating the mechanical properties of structural materials. • Ability to function on multi-disciplinary teams in the area of materials testing. • Ability to use the techniques, skills and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering. • Understanding of professional and ethical responsibility in the areas of material testing. • Ability to communicate effectively the mechanical properties of materials.. | | | |
| Sl.NO | Experiments | | |
| 1 | Tests on Bricks, Tiles, Cement Concrete blocks (Weight & Dimensionality, Water Absorption, Strength) (L1, L2, L3, L4) | | |
| 2 | Tests on Fine aggregates - Sieve Analysis, Moisture content, Specific gravity, Bulk density, Bulking and Silt Content (L1, L2, L3, L4) | | |
| 3 | Tests on Coarse aggregates- Sieve Analysis, Water absorption, Moisture content, specific gravity and Bulk density (L1, L2, L3, L4) | | |
| 4 | Compression test on mild steel, cast iron and wood. (L1, L2, L3, L4) | | |
| 5 | Tension test on mild steel and HYSD bars (L2, L3, L4) | | |
| 6 | Torsion test on mild steel circular sections. (L1, L2, L3, L4) | | |
| 7 | Bending Test on Wood Under two-point loading. (L1, L2, L3, L4) | | |
| 8 | Shear Test on Mild steel- single and double shear. (L1, L2, L3, L4) | | |
| 9 | Impact test on Mild Steel (Charpy & Izod). (L1, L2, L3, L4) | | |
| 10 | Hardness tests on ferrous and non-ferrous metals- Brinell's, Rockwell and Vicker's. (L1, L2, L3, L4) | | |
| 11 | Demonstration of Strain gauges and Strain indicators. (L1, L2, L3, L4) | | |
| NOTE: All tests to be carried out as per relevant latest BIS Codes | | | |
| Course outcomes (Course Skill Set): | | | |
| At the end of the course the student will be able to: | | | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analyze the physical characteristics, and behavior of common building materials. • Reproduce the basic knowledge of mathematics and engineering in finding the strength in tension, compression, shear and torsion for steel • Evaluate the impact of engineering solutions on the society and also will be aware of contemporary issues regarding failure of structures due to unsuitable materials. • Recognize the importance of ethical conduct, integrity, and accuracy in materials testing and reporting.. | | | |

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

- Davis, Troxell and Hawk, “Testing of Engineering Materials”, International Student Edition – McGraw Hill Book Co. New Delhi.
- M L Gambhir and Neha Jamwal, “Building and construction materials-Testing and quality control”, McGraw Hill education (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2014.
- Fenner, “Mechanical Testing of Materials”, George Newnes Ltd. London.
- Holes K A, “Experimental Strength of Materials”, English Universities Press Ltd. London.
- Suryanarayana A K, “Testing of Metallic Materials”, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- Kukreja C B, Kishore K. and Ravi Chawla “Material Testing Laboratory Manual”, Standard Publishers & Distributors 1996.
- Relevant latest IS Codes.

CO & PSO - PO Mapping (Individual Teacher has to fill)

| Mapping of Course Outcomes and Program specific outcomes to Program Outcomes | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|---------------------------|------|------|------|
| Course outcomes | Program outcomes | | | | | | | | | | | | Program Specific Outcomes | | | |
| | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 |
| CO1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Average | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Level 0: Not Mapped, 1: Low Mapped, 2: Moderately Mapped 3: Highly Mapped

Note: Depending on the Assessment tool used, higher order POs Can be identified by the concerned course instructor.

| Building Information Modelling in Civil Engineering | | Semester | 4 |
|--|----------------|-------------|-----|
| Course Code | BCV405A | CIE Marks | 50 |
| Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S) | 2:2:0:0 | SEE Marks | 50 |
| Total Hours of Pedagogy | 40 | Total Marks | 100 |
| Credits | 03 | Exam Hours | 3 |
| Examination type (SEE) | Theory | | |
| <p>Course objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the concept of Building Information Modelling • Create the workflow followed in industry during creation of BIM 3D model which includes • Building the discipline-based model and create the federated models • Design the process of creating the 4D & 5D BIM model | | | |
| <p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Blackboard teaching 2. Power point Presentation 3. Videos, NPTEL materials 4. Quiz/Assignments/Open book test to develop skills. 5. Adopt problem-based learning (PBL) to develop analytical and thinking skills. | | | |
| Module-1 | | | |
| Evolution of Engineering, Introduction to BIM Concepts and Design Authoring: Evolution of Engineering from 2D drawings to BIM Model, Isometric View, Limitation of Isometric views and concept of 3D-Modeling, Building Information Modelling – Introduction & Process, Design Authoring – Concepts and workflow, Fundamentals of Discipline Based Modelling, Introduction to stages of BIM Modelling process as per ISO 19650, Federated model- concepts and demonstrations, workflow of design coordination, Engineering Analysis – Concept and types of analysis, Process and workflow of Design Review in BIM. | | | |
| Module-2 | | | |
| Visualization and Interference/Clash check: Views in BIM Model, Visualization Modes, Walkthrough of the Model, Fly through the model, Layers & Properties, Concept of viewpoints, Sectioning and Visualization through Tablet and Mobile, Concept of BIM Kiosk & BIM Rooms, Visualization through Augment Reality (AR), Virtual Reality (VR) & Mixed Reality (MR) Clash Check – Types, Clash avoidance process, Clash Detection Process, Clash Detection Priority Matrix and Report generation, Clash Detection Rules, Report, Grouping, Clash Detection Process – Demo. | | | |
| Module-3 | | | |
| Documentation & CDE & Level of Development: Documentation and CDE (Common Data Environment) -2D drawings generation from BIM Model, Computer Network types, Concept of Cloud Computing, Concept and Application of CDE: Traditional Information Sharing, Definition, Reference, and Concept, Setting up the workflow and process for CDE- File naming convention, Roles and Responsibilities, Request for Information and Review Process Concept of LOD (Level of Development), preparation of LOD matrix and Progression matrix Definition of LOD, Level of Detail and Information, LOD- Wall foundation, Precast Structural Inverted T-Beam, Domestic Water Piping, Plumbing Fixture, Packaged Generator Assembly, LOD- Chart, Matrix and Model Progression Matrix | | | |
| Module-4 | | | |

4D / Field BIM & Its Applications: Introduction to 4D / Field BIM: Concept of 4D, Introduction to construction sequence and project schedule, Project scheduling using Gantt Chart and its limitation, 4D BIM Modeling Project demo and workflow, Synchronization of 4D BIM Model with project schedule, Reviewing project progress w.r.t planned dates and actual dates, Generation of Reports Application of Field BIM/ 4D BIM: Understanding concept and usage of BIM in field for coordination- 3D Coordination and Visual Communication, Site utilization planning and Construction analysis, Application of wearables in coordination. 3D Control and planning Other Applications of Field BIM/ 4D BIM: Concept and usages of BIM in field for safety, disaster and risk analysis, digital fabrication and scan to BIM, Existing Condition Modeling, Phase Planning, As-built/ Record Models

Module-5

5D BIM, AIM & Beyond BIM - Emerging Trends: 5D BIM: Introduction concepts of 5D BIM, Quantity take off with UoM, Concept of QTO with UoM, 5D BIM with UoM with cost, Quantity take off exercise, Demo of Quantity take off: Understanding QTO for Wall, Plaster & Tile, BIM Maturity LOD and General Practice of QTO, Cost Breakup structures, 5D BIM and cost control AIM: Introduction to Asset Information Model (AIM), COBie structures and Asset Information Deliverables, Space Attributes and Asset Attributes- Examples with data, Asset requirement Discipline wise Infrastructure System, Classification code and Information Exchange, Information Exchange with Facility Management Beyond BIM: Emerging Trends- Concepts of Industrialisation, IoT, Big Data, Data Analytics and their applications in BIM: Industrialisation of Construction through BIM- DfMA, IoT in BIM, BIM and Big data, Data Analytics using AI & ML Future scope of BIM Applications: Smart Infrastructure and the need for connected infrastructure, Digital twins- Concepts and benefits, National Digital Twin or a City level Digital Twin in a Smart City, Fundamental requirements for the success of a Digital Twin and its uses, Digital Twin applications in diverse industries.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

1. Interpret the basic principles of BIM evolution and concept of BIM in lifecycle of project
2. Understand the workflows of Design authoring followed in industry during creation of 3D model
3. Analyze the engineering analysis and the process followed in industry to check and resolve clashes
4. Evaluate the integration of schedule and cost in 3D model using 4D and 5D BIM
5. Illustrate the various emerging trends of BIM & concept of digital twin

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:**Books**

1. ISO 19650 - Building Information Modelling (BIM)
2. BIM Handbook – Chuck Eastman, Paul Teicholz, Rafael Sacks, Kathleen Liston

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- E-learning content on L&T EduTech Platform.

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Create a plan of residential building and practice BIM tools

| Construction Equipment, Plants and Machinery | | Semester | 4 |
|---|----------------|-------------|-----|
| Course Code | BCV405B | CIE Marks | 50 |
| Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S) | 2:2:0:0 | SEE Marks | 50 |
| Total Hours of Pedagogy | 40 | Total Marks | 100 |
| Credits | 03 | Exam Hours | 3 |
| Examination type (SEE) | Theory | | |
| <p>Course objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To provide insight on the different functions and operations of different equipment and techniques during construction • To impart knowledge on the various maintenance and safety to be considered during construction • To acquire knowledge on the life cycle of a construction equipment • To adopt mechanization in the Construction industry | | | |
| <p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Blackboard teaching 2. Power point Presentation 3. Videos, NPTEL materials 4. Quiz/Assignments/Open book test to develop skills. 5. Adopt problem-based learning (PBL) to develop analytical and thinking skills. | | | |
| Module-1 | | | |
| Basics and Hydraulics of Construction Equipment: Introduction to Construction Equipment- Functions, Operations of Construction Equipment Introduction to Four & Two Stroke Engine and their components- Introduction and Components to Automobiles. Introduction to Principles of Hydraulic- Calculation of Pressure, Force & Flow- Components of a Hydraulic System- Basic layout of Hydraulic System Applications of Hydraulics- Strand Jack Operation | | | |
| Module-2 | | | |
| Concreting, Earth Moving, Road Making and Quarry/Mining Equipment: Operations of a Batching Plant - Introduction and Components of Concrete Pump & Placer- Concrete Pipeline-Laying and Cleaning- Bulldozer- Classification and Components- Classification, Components and Attachments of Excavator- Backhoe Loader- Classification & components- Introduction and classification to Hot mix Plant Process of Asphalt Paver-PQC Paver- Classification & Components- Motor Grader Classification & Components- Horizontal Movement Vehicles- Quarry/Mining | | | |
| Module-3 | | | |
| Equipment Life Cycle Management: Life Cycle of an Equipment- Equipment Performance Parameters - Introduction to Maintenance- Types of Maintenance- Maintenance Practices | | | |
| Module-4 | | | |
| Tunnelling Equipment / Piling Equipment: Introduction to Tunnel Boring Machines- Details and Operation of a Hard-Rock TBM Details of Earth Pressure Balance (EPB) TBM- Details and operation of Slurry TBM & Components- Hydraulic Grabs- Piling Rig | | | |
| Module-5 | | | |
| Mechanization and Digitalization in Construction and Safety in Construction Equipment: Importance of Digital Analytics- Digital Solution in Construction Projects- Importance of Mechanization - Railway Track Construction- Rebar Processing Machine- Operation of | | | |

Mechanized Equipment- Introduction to 3D Concrete Printer- Importance of Safety- Various PPE & Purpose- Safety of Men & Machines at Work- Safety During Construction Activities
Safety with Tools & Tackles

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

1. Evaluate equipment and techniques required during construction
2. Understand the operation of a batching plant.
3. Analyse the equipment life cycle management.
4. Comprehend mechanization and digitalisation in construction

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

1. Velumani. P, "Construction Techniques and Practices", SIA Publishers & Distributers Pvt Ltd, 2020.
2. Dr. Manoranjan Samal, "Advanced Construction Techniques and Equipment" S.K. Kataria & Sons
3. S.C.Sharma, "Construction Equipment and management" E-Book .2019

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- E-learning content on L&T EduTech Platform.

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Visit to construction site to understand construction equipments

| Concreting Techniques and Practices | | Semester | 4 |
|---|----------------|-------------|-----|
| Course Code | BCV405C | CIE Marks | 50 |
| Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S) | 2:2:0:0 | SEE Marks | 50 |
| Total Hours of Pedagogy | 40 | Total Marks | 100 |
| Credits | 03 | Exam Hours | 3 |
| Examination type (SEE) | Theory | | |
| <p>Course objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To present the basics of concrete and different materials used in it. • To impart knowledge on materials used in concrete, relevant Indian standard codes, and practical aspects on concreting activities at projects. • To explain the importance of making good quality concrete to build durable structures. • To introduce the Design of concrete mixes from the Industrial experiences at Sites and optimization of higher grades of Concrete. • To learn the best practices in concrete construction from industry's decades of experiences, thumb rules, mitigation of concreting issues at Sites | | | |
| <p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Blackboard teaching 2. Power point Presentation 3. Videos, NPTEL materials 4. Quiz/Assignments/Open book test to develop skills. 5. Adopt problem-based learning (PBL) to develop analytical and thinking skills. | | | |
| Module-1 | | | |
| Introduction to concrete, overview of materials- cement, low carbon cement, coarse aggregate and fine aggregate, and mineral admixture:- fly ash, GGBS, micro silica / silica fume, metakaolin / rice husk ash, composite cement and ultrafine materials, lab test - fineness of fly ash, recycled aggregate | | | |
| Module-2 | | | |
| Water and chemical admixture: source, requirements, limits and testing Blending of aggregate -: Blending of fine and coarse aggregate, gradation for optimization and practical aspects. | | | |
| Module-3 | | | |
| Mix design - Volumetric mix design, mix design by absolute volume method, worked out practical examples based on industries experience at project sites over several decades, higher grades of concrete, high performance concrete, test on concrete: workability of concrete, flexural and compressive strength tests. | | | |
| Module-4 | | | |
| Production of concrete-: batching plant, calibration, mixing and transportation of concrete handling of concrete at construction, ready-mix concrete, pumping, placing of concrete with boom placers, levelling, vibration and compaction, cold joints, finishing and curing and protection of concrete | | | |
| Module-5 | | | |
| Special types of concrete: self-compacting concrete, mass concrete, dry lean concrete, geopolymer concrete, pavement quality concrete, fiber reinforced concrete, composite concrete, lightweight concrete, ferrocement, shotcreteing, guniting, grouting, challenges faced at sites: plastic shrinkage cracks, plastic settlement, honey comb, bug holes, cover to concrete, do's and | | | |

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| don'ts in concrete construction, site shoot, introduction on 3D printing. |
| <p>Course outcome (Course Skill Set)</p> <p>At the end of the course, the student will be able to :</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Evaluate the properties of concrete by conducting test on cement, aggregate and concrete (with & without admixtures) for using the data for Mix design procedures 2. Understand to Select and proportionate different materials used in a concrete mix including admixtures 3. Design a concrete mix as per requirement of construction project 4. Apply the best practices in concrete construction from industry's requirement, thumb rules, mitigation of concreting issues at Sites. |
| <p>Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)</p> <p>The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.</p> <p>Continuous Internal Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks. • The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered • Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned. • For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment. <p>Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.</p> <p>Semester-End Examination:</p> <p>Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (duration 03 hours).</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module. 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks |
| <p>Suggested Learning Resources:</p> <p>Books</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Concrete Technology by M. S. Shetty, S Chand, New Delhi-110055. 2. Concrete Technology by M. L. Gambhir, Tata McGraw-Hill. 3. IS 456, IS 269, IS 516, IS 1786, IS 1893, IS 12269, IS 9103, IS 8112 |
| <p>Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • E-learning content on L&T EduTech Platform. |
| <p>Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Visit to construction site to understand concreting process |

| Watershed Management | | Semester | 4 |
|--|---|-------------|-----|
| Course Code | BCV405D | CIE Marks | 50 |
| Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S) | 2:2:0:0 | SEE Marks | 50 |
| Total Hours of Pedagogy | 40 | Total Marks | 100 |
| Credits | 03 | Exam Hours | 3 |
| Examination type (SEE) | Theory/practical/Viva-Voce /Term-work/Others | | |
| <p>Course objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To understand Watershed Hydrology • To estimate water demand and learn, water conservation methods • To understand application of Remote Sensing and GIS in watershed management • Sustainable measures for watershed management | | | |
| <p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Power point Presentation, video • Video tube, NPTEL materials • Quiz/Assignments/Open book test to develop skills • Encourage collaborative learning in the class with site visits related to subject and impart practical knowledge | | | |
| Module-1 | | | |
| <p>Principles of Watershed Management: Basics concepts, hydrology and water availability, surface water, ground water, conjunctive use, human influences in the water resources system.</p> | | | |
| Module-2 | | | |
| <p>Water resources systems: Integrated water resources system, river basins-morphometric analysis of watersheds for watershed management, watershed management practices in arid and semi-arid regions, watershed management through wells, management of water supply, short term and long-term strategic planning.</p> | | | |
| Module-3 | | | |
| <p>Conservation of Water: Perspective on recycle and reuse, wastewater reclamation, social aspects of watershed management and community participation, private sector participation, institutional issues, socio-economy, integrated development, water legislation and implementations, case studies.</p> <p>Water Harvesting: Rainwater management, conservation, storage and effective utilization of rainwater, structures for rainwater harvesting, roof catchments system, check dams, aquifer storage.</p> | | | |
| Module-4 | | | |
| <p>Sustainable Watershed Approach: Sustainable integrated watershed management, natural resources management, agricultural practices, integrated farming, soil erosion and conservation.</p> | | | |
| Module-5 | | | |
| <p>Applications of RS and GIS in Watershed management: Role of decision support system in watershed management, watershed characteristics of coastal regions, coastal aquifer management, uniqueness of coastal water resources.</p> | | | |

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

- Discuss surface and ground water resources system and, human influences.
- Integrate water resources system in arid and semi-arid regions and explain watershed aquifer for management.
- Analyse water resources related issues for conservation and synthesize augmentation of water resources.
- Design integrated watershed management system.
- Apply modern tools in watershed management.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Note: Subject to be taught by Geologist with qualification M. Sc Geology/MPhil/ Ph. D in Geology or Faculty of Civil Engineering

Suggested Learning Resources:**Books**

1. Singh Vir, Raj., "Watershed Planning and Management", Yash Publishing House, Bikaner.3rd Revised Edition, 2016.
2. Murthy, J. V. S., "Watershed Management in India", New Age Publishers, New Delhi. 2nd Edition, 2017.
3. "Decision Support System for Integrated Watershed Management", Colorad State University. 2012.
4. Tideman, E. M., "Watershed Management", Omega Scientific Publishers, New Delhi, 2002

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wkPu4LwRKro>
- <https://youtu.be/wkPu4LwRKro>
- <https://youtu.be/wkPu4LwRKro>
- <https://youtu.be/wkPu4LwRKro>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Seminars/Quiz (To assist in GATE Preparations)
- Self-Study on simple topics
- Discussion of case studies
- Field visits to construction sites

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|---|---------|-------------|-----|
| Finance for Professionals | | Semester | 4 |
| Course Code | BCV456A | CIE Marks | 50 |
| Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S) | 1:0:0:0 | SEE Marks | 50 |
| Total Hours of Pedagogy | 15 | Total Marks | 100 |
| Credits | 01 | Exam Hours | 1 |
| Examination type (SEE) | Theory | | |
| Course objectives: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To give learners an overview of finance and develop their finance sense | | | |
| Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Blackboard teaching Power point Presentation Videos, NPTEL materials Quiz/Assignments/Open book test to develop skills. | | | |
| Module-1 | | | |
| Economics: Introduction to economics, Economic policies, Role of monetary policy in managing the economy | | | |
| Module-2 | | | |
| Finance Vocabulary and Financial Statements: Unique role of finance, Unique role of finance example, Accounting, finance & auditing, Capital vs. revenue, Capital vs. revenue example, Sources & uses of funds, Sources & uses of funds example, Revenue recognition principles, Double entry bookkeeping, Illustration of double entry book keeping, Understanding profit & loss, Understanding profit & loss example, Profit and profitability, Profit and profitability example 1, Profit and profitability example 2 | | | |
| Module-3 | | | |
| Financial Statement and Risk Analysis: Finance metrics & financial statement analysis, Finance metrics & financial statement analysis example, understanding liquidity, understanding liquidity example, Funds flow analysis, Example of funds flow analysis, Cash flow analysis, Example of cash flow analysis, Introduction to risk management, understanding risk management example, Management of risk, understanding risk management measurement example, Understanding risk management products example, Holistic look at risk management. | | | |
| Module-4 | | | |
| Time Value of Money: Time value of money, understanding time value of money, understanding financial functions, Applications of time value of money, Capital structure, Capital structure example, Cost of capital, Cost of capital example, Capital budgeting, Understanding capital budgeting - example | | | |
| Module-5 | | | |
| Personal Finance: Financial Instrument, Approaches to investing, Ratios for investment, Portfolio management principles, Example of portfolio, forming a portfolio, Forming a portfolio example | | | |
| Course outcome (Course Skill Set) At the end of the course the student will be able to: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Understand how their work and effort contribute to organizational financial performance Comprehend financial acumen and tools to optimize outcomes | | | |

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous internal Examination (CIE)

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom’s taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examinations (SEE)

SEE paper shall be set for 50 questions, each of the 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ (multiple choice questions). The time allotted for SEE is **01 hour**. The student has to secure a minimum of 35% of the maximum marks meant for SEE.

OR

MCQ (Multiple Choice Questions) are preferred for 01 credit courses, however, if course content demands the general question paper pattern that followed for 03 credit course, then

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 10 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module may or may not have the sub-questions (with maximum sub-questions of 02, with marks distributions 5+5, 4+6, 3+7).
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

1. Financial Management: Theory & Practice | 11th Edition by Prasanna Chandra
2. International Financial Reporting Standards (Bangalore Univ)

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- E-learning content on L&T EduTech Platform.

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Case study to understand the project finance concept

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|--|--|-------------|-----|
| GIS with Quantum GIS | | Semester | 4 |
| Course Code | BCV456B | CIE Marks | 50 |
| Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S) | 0:2:0:0 | SEE Marks | 50 |
| Total Hours of Pedagogy | 15 | Total Marks | 100 |
| Credits | 01 | Exam Hours | 1 |
| Examination type (SEE) | Theory/practical/Viva-Voce /Term-work/Others | | |
| Course objectives: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Learning the open source QGIS software for Civil Engineering applications • Understand raster and vector data • Creation of base map and thematic maps for specific application | | | |
| Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Demonstration of open source software for GIS 2. YouTube videos to learn GIS software 3. Power Point presentations. | | | |
| Module-1 | | | |
| QGIS Introduction: Definition of GIS and its use. Introduction to a free and open source desktop geographic information system software. Types of data (vector and raster formats), web services, useful commands and utilities for geo-processing, extending its capabilities to digital satellite image processing and analysis | | | |
| Module-2 | | | |
| INTRODUCTION IN QGIS About QGIS Characteristics of QGIS Start using QGIS. QGIS TOOLS QGIS Configuration, General tools, Working with projections QGIS Browser. WORKING WITH RASTER DATA Introduction, Display raster data, Raster calculator, Working with images, Practical exercises: Working with raster data and operations with | | | |
| Module-3 | | | |
| QGIS PLUGINS Additional modules of QGIS or “plugins” Description of Plugins incorporated in QGIS Operations through “plugins” Practical exercises: Different QGIS “plugins” and their applications: GDAL library tool, georeferencing, coordinate capture, format converter. | | | |
| Module-4 | | | |
| CREATE MAPS AND RELATED PRODUCTS: Creation tools, Graphic elements, Atlases generation, and Graphic output creations. Practical exercises: Map creation with QGIS. | | | |
| Module-5 | | | |
| RELATIONAL DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS AND SPATIAL DATA. Database design, Database connections, Table joins Spatial joins, generate new statistics and new data using table and spatial data information. Practical exercises: Creation of thematic maps like population data of taluk, Watershed map with drainage and water bodies, Highway with other 2 road intersection details | | | |

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| <p>Course outcome (Course Skill Set)</p> <p>At the end of the course the student will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Use open source software for civil engineering applications 2. Various tools in QGIS software 3. Create thematic layers with attribute data 4. Generate maps for decision making |
| <p>Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)</p> <p>The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.</p> <p>Continuous internal Examination (CIE)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks. • The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered • Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned. • For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment. <p>Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom’s taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.</p> <p>Semester End Examinations (SEE)</p> <p>SEE paper shall be set for 50 questions, each of the 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ (multiple choice questions). The time allotted for SEE is 01 hour. The student has to secure a minimum of 35% of the maximum marks meant for SEE.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>MCQ (Multiple Choice Questions) are preferred for 01 credit courses, however, if course content demands the general question paper pattern that followed for 03 credit course, then</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 10 marks. 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module may or may not have the sub-questions (with maximum sub-questions of 02, with marks distributions 5+5, 4+6, 3+7). 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. |
| <p>Suggested Learning Resources:</p> <p>Books</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Geographic Information System-An Introduction, Tor Bernharadsen, 2009, 3rd Edition, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi, ISBN - 9788126511389. 2. Principles of Remote sensing and Image Interpretation, Lillesand and Kiefer, 2011, 6th Edition, John Wiley Publishers, New Delhi, ISBN – 8126532238. |
| <p>Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • YouTube videos • https://docs.qgis.org/3.16/pdf/en/QGIS-3.16-DesktopUserGuide-en.pdf for QGIS manual • NPTEL Lectures. |
| <p>Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prepare the thematic maps using google earth images for various applications |

| Electronic Waste Management - Issues and Challenges | | Semester | 4 |
|---|----------------|-------------|-----|
| Course Code | BCV456C | CIE Marks | 50 |
| Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S) | 0:2:0:0 | SEE Marks | 50 |
| Total Hours of Pedagogy | 15 | Total Marks | 100 |
| Credits | 01 | Exam Hours | 1 |
| Examination type (SEE) | Theory | | |
| <p>Course objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To provide students with a comprehensive understanding of e-waste and its impact on the environment. To familiarize students with the generation, composition, and hazardous components of e-waste. To highlight the health and environmental risks associated with improper e-waste management. To introduce students to various methods of e-waste collection, recycling, and disposal. To develop an understanding of the relevant policies and regulations governing e-waste management in India. | | | |
| <p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Blackboard teaching Power point Presentation Videos, NPTEL materials | | | |
| Module-1 | | | |
| Introduction to E-Waste Management, Overview of e-waste and its impact on the environment, | | | |
| Module-2 | | | |
| E-Waste Generation and Composition, Types of e-waste and their components | | | |
| Module-3 | | | |
| E-Waste Hazards and Environmental Impacts, Health and environmental risks associated with e-waste | | | |
| Module-4 | | | |
| E-Waste Collection and Recycling, Methods of e-waste collection, recycling, and disposal | | | |
| Module-5 | | | |
| E-Waste Management Policies and Regulations, Relevant laws, policies, and regulations in India | | | |
| <p>Course outcome (Course Skill Set)</p> <p>At the end of the course the student will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Explain the concept of e-waste and its significance in the context of environmental sustainability. Identify and classify different types of e-waste and describe their components. Recognize the potential health and environmental hazards associated with improper e-waste management. Evaluate and apply appropriate methods for the collection, recycling, and disposal of e-waste. Demonstrate knowledge of the existing policies, regulations, and frameworks for e-waste management in India | | | |

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous internal Examination (CIE)

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom’s taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examinations (SEE)

SEE paper shall be set for 50 questions, each of the 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ (multiple choice questions). The time allotted for SEE is **01 hour**. The student has to secure a minimum of 35% of the maximum marks meant for SEE.

OR

MCQ (Multiple Choice Questions) are preferred for 01 credit courses, however, if course content demands the general question paper pattern that followed for 03 credit course, then

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 10 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module may or may not have the sub-questions (with maximum sub-questions of 02, with marks distributions 5+5, 4+6, 3+7).
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

1. “E-Waste Management: From Waste to Resource” by R. K. Rathore and H. N. Chanakya, TERI Press, 2019
2. “E-Waste in India: An Emerging Crisis” by Sangeeta Sharma, Cambridge Scholars Publishing, 2019
3. “E-Waste Management: Research, Technology, and Applications”, Majeti Narasimha Vara Prasad, CRC Press, 2016
4. “Electronic Waste Management and Treatment Technology” by Rezaul Begg, R. M. Sarcar, and R. V. R. Singh, Springer, 2018
5. “E-Waste Management: From Waste to Resource” by Florin-Constantin Mihai, Academic Press, 2018

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- NPTEL video Lectures.

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Visit to an E-waste management industry

| | | | |
|---|----------------|-------------|-----|
| Technical Writing Skills | | Semester | 4 |
| Course Code | BCV456D | CIE Marks | 50 |
| Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S) | 1:0:0:0 | SEE Marks | 50 |
| Total Hours of Pedagogy | 15 | Total Marks | 100 |
| Credits | 01 | Exam Hours | 1 |
| Examination type (SEE) | Theory | | |
| <p>Course objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Achieve better Technical writing and Presentation skills for employment. • Develop adequate knowledge of paragraph writing and precise writing techniques • Write business proposals and reports. • Write conference papers and prepare gist of published papers. • Develop efficiency in drafting social media posts and blogs. | | | |
| <p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Chalk and talk 2. Power point Presentation, video 3. Practice sessions. | | | |
| Module-1 | | | |
| Technical Report Writing: Introduction to Technical writing process, Understanding of writing process, Introduction to various Technical Report writing. | | | |
| Module-2 | | | |
| Art of condensation and Paragraph Writing: Introduction and importance, Types and principles of condensation. Importance of paragraph writing, Features and its construction styles. | | | |
| Module-3 | | | |
| Business Report Writing: Introduction, Definition and Salient features of Business reports. Significance and types of report writing. (Formal and Informal). Resume building and Types of resumes. (samples of resumes) | | | |
| Module-4 | | | |
| Technical Articles and Proposals: Nature and significance, Types of technical Articles Journal articles and conference papers. Elements of technical articles .Introduction to technical proposal writing, Purpose, importance, structure and types of technical proposals. | | | |
| Module-5 | | | |
| Social media posts and Blog Writing: Ethics and practices of social media posts, Principles and fundamentals, Guiding principles for composition of articles, some common pitfalls. Maintaining common etiquette. Blogs and Blog writings strategies. | | | |
| <p>Course outcome (Course Skill Set)</p> <p>At the end of the course the student will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Effectively communicate in technical matters. 2. Practice preparation of gist, abstract and notes from a technical article. 3. Prepare a business proposals and reports. 4. Write and respond in social media and write blogs. | | | |

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous internal Examination (CIE)

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom’s taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examinations (SEE)

SEE paper shall be set for 50 questions, each of the 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ (multiple choice questions). The time allotted for SEE is **01 hour**. The student has to secure a minimum of 35% of the maximum marks meant for SEE.

OR

MCQ (Multiple Choice Questions) are preferred for 01 credit courses, however, if course content demands the general question paper pattern that followed for 03 credit course, then

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 10 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module may or may not have the sub-questions (with maximum sub-questions of 02, with marks distributions 5+5, 4+6, 3+7).
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

1. Sanjay Kumar and Pushpalata, ‘Communication Skills’, Oxford University Press. 2018.
2. M. Ashraf Rizvi, ‘Effective Technical Communication’, McGraw Hill, 2018.
3. Gajendra Singh Chauhan and et.al. ‘Technical Communication’, Cengage Publication, 2018.
4. Meenakshi Raman and Sangeeta Sharma, Technical Communication Principles and Practice, Oxford University Press, 2018.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <https://developers.google.com/tech-writing/announcements>
- <https://www.classcentral.com/course/technical-writing-7117>.

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Demonstrations of Videos
- Group Discussion
- Practice sessions
- Presentation on any social issues
- Quizzes